

am

COLLABORATORS

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Chapter 1

am

1.1 am.guide

AM - Account Manager for muFS

Version 1.0

© 1994 by Ingolf Koch

\$VER: am.guide 1.0 (7.6.94)

This file documents version 1.0 of AM, an Account Manager
for the Multi User File System (
muFS
).

Overview

Preliminary information.

Legal Stuff

Responsibility, ...

Requirements

What you *do* need.

Getting Started

Main Window

Author

The author of AM

Crew

The testers and translators

Credits

People who helped me create 'AM'

Localization	
For translators	
muFS	Short info on Multi User File System
MUI	Short info on MUI
Index	

1.2 am.guide/Overview

Overview

This chapter gives you a quick overview over the following topics:

About AM
 AM's features

Distribution
 The files in the archive

1.3 am.guide/About AM

AM's features

=====

Are you running
 muFS
 , the Multi User File System for the Commodore
Amiga? Then you surely have thought of a program providing an easy way
to maintain the users and groups in your system.

Of course such a program should have a graphical user interface
which allows doing all necessary operations by a few mouse clicks or
key strokes. Additionally, it should be localized i.e. speaking to you
in your preferred language.

Then 'AM' is the program you want. It was written to support the
system operator's work by supplying an easy-to-use user interface based

on

MUI

(Magic User Interface) by Stefan Stuntz.

The following gives you a quick overview on 'AM''s facilities:

- * localized (see
Localization
)
- * needs and makes extensive use of MUI 2.0 ('muimaster.library'
version 7+)
- * supports the following operations on the
muFS
system files
 - create new users/groups
 - edit any characteristics of an existing user/group
 - delete users/groups
 - temporarily ban a user from the system
- * automatically creates new \$HOME directories and installs default
files there by executing a user supplied script
- * checks \$HOME directories (not functional yet)
- * searches
muFS
partitions for files with bad owner information and
changes them

1.4 am.guide/Distribution

The files in the archive

=====

The following list shows the contents of the 'AM 1.0' distribution.
Please report differences to the

Author

. If you copy the archive or

make it accessible by others, it must contain *exactly* these files and
must not be modified in any way.

```

628 29-May-94 23:41:04  aml_0.info
56724 29-May-94 19:47:34  aml_0/am
468 29-May-94 23:41:04  aml_0/am.info
1462 29-May-94 23:49:42  aml_0/am.readme
543 05-Jun-94 23:46:06  aml_0/am.readme.info
628 05-Jun-94 23:47:06  aml_0/Catalogs.info

```



```
10848 25-Apr-94 23:54:14 aml_0/Catalogs/aml_0.cd
6795 26-Apr-94 00:59:00 aml_0/Catalogs/aml_0.ct
5360 29-May-94 20:01:28 aml_0/Catalogs/deutsch/am.catalog
5056 29-May-94 20:01:44 aml_0/Catalogs/nederlands/am.catalog
4868 09-Jun-94 19:07:26 aml_0/Catalogs/norsk/am.catalog
5408 09-Jun-94 22:49:09 aml_0/Catalogs/português/am.catalog
4668 29-May-94 20:01:52 aml_0/Catalogs/svenska/am.catalog
628 05-Jun-94 23:44:48 aml_0/docs.info
628 05-Jun-94 23:45:32 aml_0/docs/english.info
100680 09-Jun-94 23:00:00 aml_0/docs/english/am.dvi
523 05-Jun-94 23:45:32 aml_0/docs/english/am.dvi.info
59592 09-Jun-94 23:08:51 aml_0/docs/english/am.guide
504 05-Jun-94 23:45:32 aml_0/docs/english/am.guide.info
1349 19-Nov-93 17:38:02 aml_0/ReadMe.mui
543 05-Jun-94 23:46:12 aml_0/ReadMe.mui.info
```

1.5 am.guide/Legal Stuff

Legal Stuff

There's not very much to say about this topic:

This program may be freely distributed i.e. without any charge except for a copying fee of maximum USD 5. It may not be included in commercial programs without prior written consent by the author.

This program may be included in shareware or public domain libraries as long as the price per disk does not exceed USD 5.

'AM 1.0' may be stored and made accessible in electronic networks such as the Internet, on anonymous ftp servers and in bulletin board systems.

'AM 1.0' may be stored on CD-ROMs (especially on "Fresh Fish" CD-ROMs and on Walnut Creek's "Aminet" CD-ROM).

Storage and use of this program is only permitted for non military purposes, i.e. this program may not be used by military institutions or by non-military institutions co-operating with military institutions.

Although AM 1.0 has been thoroughly tested on various platforms there might still be some bugs in it. So use this program at your own risk. The author of AM 1.0 may not be made responsible for any damage caused directly or indirectly by AM 1.0.

1.6 am.guide/Requirements

Requirements

There are a few things you should have installed when you want to start 'AM':

- * Of course, you need
muFS
(Multi User File System by Geert
Uytterhoeven) :-)
- * As a result, another requirement (AmigaOS 2.0+) is automatically satisfied.
- * 'AM' makes extensive use of the new features of
MUI
2.0. So make
sure you have at least version 7 of 'muimaster.library'.
MUI
(Magic User Interface) is © by Stefan Stuntz (see the file
'ReadMe.mui' for more info).
- * If you want to use the locale facilities, you need at least
AmigaOS 2.1.
- * The partition scan function could use a lot of stack if you have a
very deep directory tree. The minimal stack for 'AM' can be
roughly calculated by the formula (only valid for
AmigaOS 3.0--might be less for 2.0 and 2.1):
$$\text{min_stack} = \text{maximum_of } 5000 \text{ and } (900 + 500 * \text{max_depth}).$$
- * To open the Set Actions... window, you need quite a large screen.
If you use the 'topaz/8' font, the screen should be of size
640x360. Due to a bug in 'muimaster.library' version 7, 'AM' will
hang if a window cannot be opened.
- * Although not required, it is recommended that you have at least a
68020 processor. The GUI would be very slow otherwise ;-)
- * 'AM' should be owned by root and can be made readable and
executable for everyone. But **never** set the u flag!!!

1.7 am.guide/Getting Started

Getting Started

To run 'AM' double click its icon or (from shell) type 'AM'
optionally followed by the name of the language you want to use. Make
sure you have enough stack before running 'AM'. In this version, 'AM'
will not check and automatically increase stack size.

If 'locale.library' is present in your system, 'AM' will try to open

the specified catalog (if you start from shell and supply a language name) or the default language (set by Workbench's 'Prefs/Locale').

If there's no 'locale.library' or the desired catalog could not be opened, 'AM' will talk to you in English (the builtin language).

Please refer to the chapter on
 Localization
 for information on which
 languages are supported or on what to do if you want to translate 'AM'.

After opening 'locale.library', 'AM' checks if you are root. If not, you are prompted to enter root's password. Note that 'AM' refuses to work if you supply a wrong password :-)

If you are running 'AM' for the first time (i.e. there's no 'ENV:mui/MUFS_AM.cfg' file) the GUI will open with the default layout. You may want to change the layout and save it permanently (see
 Edit-Save
 and your 'Prefs/MUI' doc).

'AM' automatically finds your
 passwd
 and
 MultiUser.group
 files and
 loads them into its memory.

All error messages are localized, so if there's an error during startup, you'll see the reason in your preferred language (if there's a suitable catalog).

Have a look at the
 Requirements
 chapter for more information on what
 is needed to run 'AM'.

1.8 am.guide/Main Window

The main window

If the system libraries are opened successfully 'AM' opens its main window. This window consists of various areas:

Listviews
 Two listviews for users and groups in the system

Info display
 A text object displaying error messages and other info

```

Files
    The
passwd
,
MultiUser.group
, and
am.log
files

Buttons
    Action buttons

Quit
    Leave the program

Main Menu
    Yes, 'AM' even has a menu bar :-)
```

1.9 am.guide/Listviews

The Users and Groups listviews and buttons

=====

After loading the passwd and MultiUser.group files, the users and groups known to the system are displayed in two listviews. The left listview contains the users whereas you find the groups in the right listview.

For both users and groups, each entry in the according listview shows the UserID and GroupID as well as the UID and GID, respectively. The UID/GID will only be displayed, if there's enough space in the listview.

You may scroll the listviews via the propgadget or the keyboard. In the latter case, use the TAB key to step through the main window's 'CycleChain' until the appropriate listview is the active one. To scroll up and down, hit the corresponding cursor key.

Below each of the listviews there are a few buttons which allow modification of the users/groups list. In most cases they operate on the currently activated user/group, so make sure you have an active entry in the corresponding listview.

To activate an entry, click once on the entry in the listview or use the cursor keys.

The following buttons appear below the 'User' listview:

```
New (User)
    Create a new user (no activated entry necessary)

Edit (User)
    Modify an existing user

Delete (User)
    Delete a user

Ban
    Temporarily disable a user

Admit
    Re-enable the user
```

There are similar buttons at the bottom of the 'Groups' listview:

```
New (Group)
    Create a new group (no activated entry necessary)

Edit (Group)
    Modify an existing group

Delete (Group)
    Delete a group
```

The New and Edit buttons will open a window:

```
Users Window
or
Groups Window
```

1.10 am.guide/New (User)

Creating a new user

Select the New button to create a new user. The Users Window will open with most of the entries cleared.

Only the UID entry contains a valid number, namely the lowest available UID in the system (not currently occupied by another user). In future versions of 'AM' this will probably change to make creating

new users a bit more comfortable.

You have to supply at least a valid
 UserID
 , a valid
 UID (User)
 and a

valid

Primary GroupID
 to successfully add the new user to the system.

See

Edit (User)
 .

1.11 am.guide/Edit (User)

Editing a user's characteristics

If you press the Edit button at the bottom of the 'Users' listview
 in the

Main Window
 the
 Users Window
 opens displaying the present
 characteristics of the selected user.

You may modify each of them but keep in mind that changing the

UserID
 automatically clears the user's
 Password
 and that changing the user's

UID (User)
 makes a
 Scan
 of the whole file system necessary to update.

(You may want to

Scan
 after changing the
 Primary GroupID
 , too.)

1.12 am.guide/Delete (User)

Deleting a user

Pressing the Delete button will automatically remove the selected user from the 'Users' listview.

Caution: You are not asked to confirm this action!

If you find it necessary to open a confirmation requester before actually deleting the user, please inform me about that (see Author).

Strictly speaking, the user is not totally removed from the system at all. He remains in the

passwd
file until you
Save
your configuration.

Additionally, the deleted user is kept in 'AM''s internal memory because this information is needed when you

Scan
the file system.

1.13 am.guide/Ban

Temporarily disabling a user

Sometimes you might find it necessary to forbid a user's access to the system without deleting information on this user. Usually, this is done by changing this user's password.

'AM' changes the encrypted password string of the selected user to 'User_banned'. As it is (nearly) impossible to find a password which will match this magic string after encryption, this is quite a safe way of banning.

If 'AM' detects a user whose encrypted password matches 'User_banned' during

Open
this user will automatically be marked as banned.

Banned users are surrounded by asterisks * in the Users listview.

Note: If you

Clear Password
a banned user's password the ban will

be released.

Note: 'AM' only remembers the original password until you leave the program or

Open
 the files. So if you
 Admit
 the user again, the original
 password can only be restored if you did not leave 'AM' or
 Open
 the
 files before.

1.14 am.guide/Admit

Releasing a ban

To permit a banned user to access the system again, click on the Admit button. In most cases the selected user's password will be cleared, so access is made possible after the next

Save
 operation.

The only exception of this rule is made if you did not

Open
 or
 Quit
 between the
 Ban
 and the 'Admit' operations. If you by mistake
 Ban
 a

user you may safely click on Admit without destroying the user's password.

Note: Remember that the user should set his password immediately after

Save
 . You must reload the files to let 'AM' know the new password.

1.15 am.guide/Users Window

The 'Users' Window

The 'Users' window is divided into two parts: On the lefthand side there are the user's main characteristics, on the righthand side you find the list of the user's secondary groups.

Let's turn to the 'Characteristics' part of this window. You may modify each of the entries as you like. Well, to be honest... nearly as

you like (see

```

UserID
,
UID (User)
,
Clear Password
).

UserID

Password

UID (User)

Primary GroupID

Name (User)

Home

Shell

Clear Password

Add Secondary Group

Delete Secondary Group

Ok (User)

Cancel (User)

```

1.16 am.guide/UserID

The 'UserID' entry

.....

Every user *must* have a valid 'UserID'. That's the name you use to login. Of course, the 'UserID' must be unique. So 'AM' does not allow you to specify a 'UserID' which already exists.

Note: If the user has a Password set and you modify his 'UserID' the 'password' will be cleared, as it is dependant on the 'UserID'.

Some characters, for example |, are not allowed for a 'UserID'. These will be rejected automatically by

```

MUI
.

```

1.17 am.guide/Password

The user's password

If the user has a password set it will be displayed in the 'password text object'. This is **not** the real password but the encrypted 11 character string (as it is not possible to decrypt it -- better say: it's very difficult to decrypt it :-).

There are three ways for you to manipulate the password string:

- * Clicking on the
 Clear Password
 button will remove the password.
 Now everyone can login as this user!
- * Modifying the
 UserID
 clears the password, too. *Again, everyone
 can login as this user!*
- * If you
 Ban
 a user from the system the password will be set to the
 magic string 'User_banned'. Remember that after clicking on
 Admit
 the password will be cleared!

If there is a user with no password supplied you'll be informed about that in the

```
am.log
when you
Save
.
```

1.18 am.guide/UID (User)

The user's UID

The UID is a number in the range [1..65535]. You **must** supply a valid (i.e. in the correct range and unique) UID for every user in the system.

If you try to set a wrong UID you'll be informed about that. Currently, the only way to see which UIDs are available is to look at the 'Users' listview (see

```
Listviews
).
```

If you change the UID of a user who is already known to the system (i.e. there's an entry for that user in the `passwd` file) you should scan the `muFS` formatted partitions on your hard drive, since the information on the files' owners must be updated.

Modifying a user's UID makes sense if you want to change the users hierarchy in your system imposed by the UIDs.

Unlike

```
UserID
, modifying the UID does not clear the
Password
.
```

1.19 am.guide/Primary GroupID

The user's primary group
.....

Every user belongs to at least one group in the system. The main group is also called 'primary group'. You *must* supply a valid GroupID for the user's primary group.

To make this easier the GroupID may be entered by a 'popup object'. Just click on the popup button to make a listview of currently available GroupIDs appear. You can then select the GroupID you wish by double clicking on the according entry in the listview.

Of course, you can enter the GroupID "by hand" in the string gadget. If you mistype the GroupID 'AM' will refuse this string and open the listview automatically.

If the new primary group is already in the list of secondary groups it will be automatically removed from that list.

1.20 am.guide/Name (User)

The user's real name
.....

In this string gadget, you should supply the user's real name. You

may use (nearly) any characters except | as this is the separator in the

```
passwd
file.
```

Note for AmiTCP users: Normally, the 'Name' also includes information on the user's office and phone numbers. The current version of 'AM' does not support this in that it does not supply separate string gadgets for these parameters. Please give all information in the 'Name' string gadget separated by commas (,):

```
Markus Peuhkuri,G218,4512462,4521992
```

1.21 am.guide/Home

The user's \$HOME directory

.....

The user's home directory (\$HOME) is specified here. You may enter any syntactically correct path here--in other words: the path needn't exist. If you set the

```
Options-Set up new $HOMES
menu item non existing
```

\$HOMES will be created and the necessary files will be installed there.

If you use the ASL file requester to select the \$HOME directory a slash / will be appended automatically to that string. You needn't worry about that as 'AM' removes trailing slashes automatically.

Currently the

```
Options-Check $HOMES
menu item is disabled. In future
```

versions you'll be informed about \$HOMES which are not located on muFS partitions.

1.22 am.guide/Shell

The user's default shell

.....

You may enter the user's default shell here. Future versions of 'AM' will supply a popup object for this.

1.23 am.guide/Clear Password

Clear the user's password

.....

Clicking on this button clears the password string. Since a user without a password is in a dangerous state you'll be warned about missing passwords in the

am.log

.

1.24 am.guide/Add Secondary Group

Add a new secondary group

.....

There are two ways of adding a new secondary group to the list:

* Type the group's name in the string gadget and hit return

* Click on the popup button and select the new group by double clicking on the entry in the popup. (This is the more comfortable way.)

If the secondary group is already in the list or if it is the primary group nothing will happen.

If you supply an invalid GroupID a requester pops up and nothing will be added.

1.25 am.guide/Delete Secondary Group

Delete a secondary group

.....

Click on this button to remove the currently active secondary group from the listview. 'Active' means: the selected entry in the listview.

Note: There's no Undo button. If you delete a secondary group by mistake, either reenter this GroupID or choose

Cancel (User)

and start

editing again.

1.26 am.guide/Ok (User)

Leaving the Users window by clicking on Ok

.....

The Ok button is one way to leave the Users Window. If all important settings are valid (i.e.

```
UserID
'
UID (User)
```

```
Primary GroupID
) the new
```

values are stored in 'AM''s memory.

If 'AM' finds an invalid value it will complain and refuse to close the window.

1.27 am.guide/Cancel (User)

Leaving the Users window by clicking on Cancel

.....

If you click on Cancel all changes will be ignored, and the Users window is closed.

1.28 am.guide/New (Group)

Creating a new group

Select the New button to create a new group. The Groups Window will open with most of the entries cleared.

Only the GID entry contains a valid number, namely the lowest available GID in the system (not currently occupied by another group). In future versions of 'AM' this will probably change to make creating new groups a bit more comfortable.

You have to supply at least a valid

```
GroupID
, a valid
GID (Group)
and
```

a valid

```
Manager UserID
to successfully add the new group to the system.
```

See

Edit (Group)

.

1.29 am.guide/Edit (Group)

Editing a group's characteristics

If you press the Edit button at the bottom of the 'Groups' listview in the

Main Window

the

Groups Window

opens displaying the present characteristics of the selected group.

1.30 am.guide/Delete (Group)

Deleting a group

Pressing the Delete button will automatically remove the selected group from the 'Groups' listview.

Caution: You are not asked to confirm this action!

If you find it necessary to open a confirmation requester before actually deleting the group, please inform me about that (see

Author

).

Strictly speaking, the group is not totally removed from the system at all. It remains in the

MultiUser.group

file until you

Save

your

configuration. Additionally, the deleted group is kept in 'AM's internal memory because this information is needed when you

Scan

the

file system.

1.31 am.guide/Groups Window

The 'Groups' Window

This window displays the group's 'Characteristics'. You may modify each of the entries as you like. Well, to be honest... nearly as you like (see

```
GroupID
'
GID (Group)
).
```

```
GroupID

GID (Group)

Manager UserID

Name (Group)

Ok (Group)

Cancel (Group)
```

1.32 am.guide/GroupID

The 'GroupID' entry

.....

Every group *must* have a valid 'GroupID'. That's the group's symbolic name. Of course, the 'GroupID' must be unique. So 'AM' doesn't allow you to specify a 'GroupID' which already exists.

Some characters, such as |, are not allowed for a 'GroupID'. These will be rejected automatically by

```
MUI
.
```

1.33 am.guide/GID (Group)

The group's GID

.....

The GID is a number in the range [0..65535]. You *must* supply a valid (i.e. in the correct range and unique) GID for every group in the system.

If you try to set a wrong GID you'll be informed about that. Currently, the only way to see which GIDs are available is to look at the 'Groups' listview (see
 Listviews
).

If you change the GID of a group which is already known to the system (i.e. there's an entry for that group in the
 MultiUser.group
 file) you should
 Scan
 the
 muFS
 formatted partitions on your hard drive,
 since the information on the files' owners must be updated.

Modifying a group's GID makes sense if you want to change the groups hierarchy in your system imposed by the GIDs.

1.34 am.guide/Manager UserID

The UserID of the group's manager

Every group needs to have a manager responsible for this group. So you *must* supply a valid UserID for the group's manager.

To make this easier the UserID may be entered by a 'popup object'. Just click on the popup button to make a listview of currently available UserIDs appear. You can then select the UserID you wish by double clicking on the according entry in the listview.

Of course, you can enter the UserID "by hand" in the string gadget. If you mistype the UserID 'AM' will refuse this string and open the listview automatically.

1.35 am.guide/Name (Group)

The group's real name

In this string gadget, you should supply the group's real name. You may use (nearly) any characters except | as this is the separator in the

MultiUser.group
 file.

1.36 am.guide/Ok (Group)

Leaving the Groups window by clicking on Ok

.....

The Ok button is one way to leave the Groups Window. If all important settings are valid (i.e.

GroupID

,

GID (Group)

,

Manager UserID

) the new

values are stored in 'AM''s memory.

If 'AM' finds an invalid value it will complain and refuse to close the window.

1.37 am.guide/Cancel (Group)

Leaving the Groups window by clicking on Cancel

.....

If you click on Cancel all changes will be ignored, and the Groups window is closed.

1.38 am.guide/Info display

The Info display

=====

This frame displays information on what 'AM' is doing.

If something has gone wrong you'll be informed about that here. Usually a requester will pop up first in this case, but you are reminded of the error by the error message displayed in the Info display.

1.39 am.guide/Files

The Files frame

=====

The Files frame consists of three popup objects to select the file names for the

```
passwd
,
MultiUser.group
, and
am.log
file respectively.
```

After startup they contain the default names for each of the files.

You may alter these files as you want either by entering the name in the string gadget or by popping up the asl requester. *But be careful:* using different names for the

```
passwd
or
MultiUser.group
file may cause
```

inconsistencies to your system.

1.40 am.guide/passwd

```
The passwd file
-----
```

This is the file where nearly all information on the users is stored (all but the secondary group information). See the

```
muFS
doc for more
```

info.

1.41 am.guide/MultiUser.group

```
The group file
-----
```

This is the file where all information on the groups is stored. See the

```
muFS
doc for more info.
```

1.42 am.guide/am.log

```
The log file
-----
```

The log file informs you about some important things. The following

information appears in the log file:

* The file names when you

Save

* Users who don't have a password set when you

Save

* Files modified by

Scan

* Errors encountered during

Save

or

Scan

The default place for the log file is in the same directory as ←
the

passwd file (determined by a 'muGetPasswdDirLock()' call).

1.43 am.guide/Buttons

Below the file names, there are three buttons which start some ←
of

'AM''s operations:

Open

Reread the

passwd

and

MultiUser.group

files

Save

Save both the

passwd

and

MultiUser.group

files

Scan

Scan the

muFS

partitions for invalid files

1.44 am.guide/Open

Load the passwd and group file

If you select the 'Open' operation 'AM' will check first whether the configuration is modified and should be saved first. If so a requester pops up and you may answer that you really want to load or that you've decided to abort.

All information on users and groups (deleted ones, too) is discarded from the memory.

1.45 am.guide/Save

Save the passwd and group file

'AM' does not just save the files. It checks first if the configuration contains serious errors. 'AM' does not save if there was a load error before or if there's no user with UID 65535 (no root!).

In some situations 'AM' will warn you (and you are asked if you want to proceed):

- * If the user having the root UID has been changed
- * If root's primary group's GID is not equal to 65535
- * If you have modified one of the file names

In some cases it may be necessary to
 Scan
 after saving--if UIDs or
 GIDs have been changed. In those cases 'AM' informs you about that.

1.46 am.guide/Scan

Scan muFS partitions

This is probably the most complex operation provided by 'AM'. It is used to update the file system if you change certain settings, for example the UID. In such cases there might exist files on your
 muFS
 formatted partitions which don't have a valid OwnerUID or OwnerGID ↔

Therefore 'AM' opens a new window (the 'Scan' window) and scans the whole directory tree (or better say 'trees' if you have more than one

muFS
 partition). All files which need to be updated are collected and displayed in the

Scan Listview

. You can then select the files you want to modify and tell 'AM' what to do with them.

While scanning, 'AM' disables some buttons. Don't worry: They'll be enabled again when the scan is finished. The current directory is displayed in the text object surrounded by the "Scanning" frame. So you have an idea of where 'AM' currently is and how long it will take to scan the rest. See

Requirements

.

If you don't want to wait till 'AM' has finished the scan you may click on the Abort button. The scan process is aborted but you can modify the files already found.

If you click on the Back button instead, the scan will be aborted as with Abort but additionally the 'Scan' window will be closed.

Each file displayed falls into exactly one of five categories which is shown in the

Scan Listview

, too:

Nobody

owned by Nobody (OwnerUID = 0)

Deleted

owned by a user whom you deleted before

Orphan

the file's OwnerUID is not known to the system

UID

the UID of the file's owner was changed

GID

the file's OwnerGID is different from the owner's primary GID ↔

With the five buttons you can select/deselect the corresponding files in the

Scan Listview

all at once. To explicitly select/deselect a single file click on the entry in the

Scan Listview

.

Before you Start modifying the selected files you should click on the

Set Actions...

button to tell 'AM' what to do with the selected files.

If everything is to your satisfaction use the Start button to modify the selected files. Correctly processed files are removed from the

Scan Listview
.

When the conversion is finished 'AM' does not return to the

Main Window
but lets you select other files, modify the actions by

Set Actions...
, and process the newly selected files in a different way.

At any time you may return to the
Main Window
by clicking on the

Back button.

1.47 am.guide/Scan Listview

The listview in the Scan window

.....

All files to be modified found during a scan of the
muFS
partitions
are displayed in the Scan listview. This listview consists of three
columns namely the file name, the file's type, and the directory where
the file is located.

The file's type is either

Nobody
,
Deleted
,
Orphan
,
UID
, or
GID
and

tells you about the reason why the file appears in the listview.

This listview is multiselectable, i.e. you may select as many
entries at the same time as you like. You may select entries either by
using the 'File Selection' buttons or by mouse clicking on the
corresponding entry. You need not use the multi select qualifier (such
as the SHIFT key) for this multi selection.

1.48 am.guide/Nobody

The Nobody type

.....

Files of type 'Nobody' are those with an OwnerUID of zero. Usually all files will be owned by Nobody if you've just installed muFS in your system. So be prepared to have lots of entries if you run 'AM' for the first time :-)

There may appear new 'Nobody' files later if someone creates a new file without logging in before.

1.49 am.guide/Deleted

The Deleted type

.....

If you delete a user 'AM' does not remove this entry from its internal memory. So 'AM' is able to detect files which were owned by this deleted user and therefore don't have a valid owner now.

Note: Of course you must not leave 'AM' between deleting the user and scanning. Otherwise 'AM' would not be able to remember the deleted user's UID and the deleted user's files would be of type

Orphan

.

1.50 am.guide/Orphan

The Orphan type

.....

Orphan files are those files having an OwnerUID not equal to zero but without a user known to the system with this UID.

In most cases these files will appear if you delete a user from the system without scanning directly after that. After leaving 'AM' no information about the deleted user can be recovered so files owned by that user are marked as orphan.

1.51 am.guide/UID

The UID type

.....

'AM' allows you to change a user's UID. After doing so, all files owned by that user will no longer have a valid OwnerUID as this must be adjusted to the new value, too.

Note: Although you can give another user the UID 65535 (the root UID), under no circumstances files owned by root will change their OwnerUID as they should be owned by the new root user (i.e. keep the OwnerUID of 65535).

1.52 am.guide/GID

The GID type

.....

Usually a file's OwnerGID should match its owner's primary GID. Files having a different OwnerGID will be added to the Scan Listview

,

as you might have changed the owner's primary group and want to adjust the OwnerGID.

But there might be situations in which the different OwnerGID is intended to make the file accessible to members of a group different from the owner's primary group. Then you should keep such files deselected.

1.53 am.guide/Set Actions...

The Actions window

.....

After pressing the Set Actions... button a large window will open displaying lots of buttons. They are arranged in three columns entitled

Nobody

,

Deleted

, and

Orphan

, respectively. See

Requirements

.

For each of these three types you can tell 'AM' what to do with files which fall into this category.

Two types of Actions are supported:

- * Change means that the file's owner is changed to the owner given in the string gadget below, and the file's protection bits are modified as stated in the 'Protection' part of this column.
- * Delete means that the file will be deleted. The owner string gadget and the 'Protection' area are disabled in this case.

If you choose Change you must supply the new owner's UserID in the string gadget. The most comfortable way is to use the popup. *'AM' will not close this window if there is an illegal UserID.*

In the 'Protection' area you state how each of the file's protection flags should be modified. All

muFS

supported flags are listed here.

- u: Only clearing and keeping is allowed here. *Keeping this flag unmodified is very very dangerous!!!* Default is 'Clear'.
- spa: These flags may either be set, cleared or kept unmodified. Default is 'Keep'.
- rwd for owner: These flags may either be set, cleared or kept unmodified. Default is 'Keep'.
- rwd for group members or others: You have the choice between 'Set', 'Clear', 'Keep' and 'Owner'. If you select 'Owner' the corresponding flag of the owner's rwd part is copied. This is done *after* altering the owner rwd flags.

Use the Ok button to close this window. Please note again that the string gadgets must contain valid UserIDs if they are not disabled.

All settings in this window are saved automatically to ENV: when you

Quit

'AM'. if you want to store them permanently (of course you want ←
to

do so :-) use the

Edit-Save
menu item.

1.54 am.guide/Main Menu

The main menu

=====

If you are in the

Main Window

you can start some of 'AM's operations by selecting the appropriate menu item. But there's even more in the main menu:

Project
The 'usual' project menu

Options
Turn some features on/off

Edit
Load and save the configuration file

1.55 am.guide/Project

The Project menu

From this menu you can select the

- Open
- ,
- Save
- ,
- and
- Scan

operations

(the same as clicking on the corresponding button in the Main Window),

as well as get information about the Author and the translator (About... item) and

- Quit

the program.

1.56 am.guide/Options

The Options menu

The following items may be selected (default) or deselected:

- Options-Set up new \$HOMEs
- Options-Check \$HOMEs

Currently not supported :-)

Options-\$HOME icons

Options-File icons

Options-Display

1.57 am.guide/Options-Set up new \$HOMEs

Set up new \$HOMEs

.....

If a \$HOME directory does not exist when you Save it will be created, and the default files will be installed there correctly.

1.58 am.guide/Options-Check \$HOMEs

Check \$HOME directories

.....

In future releases 'AM' will check if the user's \$HOME directories are located on muFS partitions, if their size does not exceed a certain maximum, ...

1.59 am.guide/Options-\$HOME icons

Create \$HOME icons

.....

If set, 'AM' puts an icon for newly created \$HOME directories. Its image will be the default drawer icon. Its owner is the corresponding user, so he can adjust the dimensions of the drawer's window.

1.60 am.guide/Options-File icons

Create icons for the system files

.....

If set, 'AM' creates icons for the
passwd
,
MultiUser.group
, and

am.log

files which are owned and only accessible by root. Their image is taken from 'AM's image, but they are 'Project' icons with a default tool of 'AM'.

1.61 am.guide/Options-Display

Freeze display when doing lots of list operations

.....

This item is intended mostly for those of you who must work with slow machines. To make life a bit easier you can turn off this item. When you

Scan
the
muFS

partitions the listview is not updated every time a new entry is added to that list.

Of course this will only save reasonable time if there are many files to be added.

Maybe this feature will be improved in future releases.

1.62 am.guide/Edit

The Edit menu

This menu is very much like the standard 'Prefs' menu of the same name. 'AM' automatically stores some of your settings in a private configuration file in ENV: when you

Quit
the program. This file is

loaded automatically during startup or explicitly (see below).

You'll find the following items in the Edit menu:

```
Edit-Last Saved
  Load from ENVARC:

Edit-Restore
  Load from ENV:

Edit-Save
  Save to ENVARC:
```

1.63 am.guide/Edit-Last Saved

```
Load configuration from ENVARC:
.....
```

Selecting this item causes 'AM' to read the configuration from 'ENVARC:mui/MUFS_AM.cfg' which usually is somewhere on your hard disk.

1.64 am.guide/Edit-Restore

```
Load configuration from ENV:
.....
```

Selecting this item causes 'AM' to reread the configuration from 'ENV:mui/MUFS_AM.cfg' which usually is somewhere on a RAM disk.

```
This file is automatically loaded at startup and saved on
Quit
.
```

1.65 am.guide/Edit-Save

```
Save configuration To ENVARC:
.....
```

Selecting this item makes 'AM' permanently save the configuration to 'ENVARC:mui/MUFS_AM.cfg' which usually is somewhere on your hard disk.

There's no need for a menu item which saves to ENV: as this is automatically done on

```
Quit
.
```

1.66 am.guide/Quit

Quit the program

=====

Pressing the Quit button or selecting the Quit item from the Project menu terminates 'AM'. Before really exiting 'AM' checks if the files need to be saved and informs you about that by popping up a requester.

You can still continue to work with all information in 'AM's memory at this point. If you decide to terminate 'AM' all information on deleted users is discarded. See Deleted

.

1.67 am.guide/Author

Short information on the author

=====

'AM' was written by:

Ingolf Koch
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D-32791 Lage
Germany
Phone: 05232/2700

If you call from other countries replace the leading 0 by the appropriate prefix for Germany.
My email address is ingolf@mathematik.uni-bielefeld.de
Additionally, I can often be found on IRC. My nick name is Balin.

1.68 am.guide/Crew

The development crew

=====

There are quite a few people who had great influence on 'AM' being what it is now. On the one hand, there are the translators:

- * Paul Dolk (Netherlands catalog)
- * Håkon Enger (Norwegian catalog)
- * Christofer Kull (Swedish catalog)

* Goncalo Valverde (Portuguese catalog)

They also did a lot of testing (and bug reporting :-). Thank you!
(The German 'translation' was done by the
Author
himself.)

On the other hand, there are additional testers who helped me very
much with their bug reports, criticism, and suggestions (and the list
of suggestions is growing and growing...):

* Walter Francis

* Michael Hohmann

* Krunoslav Njers

* Bernhard Seefeld

* Horst Weber

Thanks again for your work, guys.

1.69 am.guide/Credits

Lots of thanks

=====

Besides the 'AM' development
Crew

I'd like to thank the following
people

* Geert Uytterhoeven for
muFS

* Stefan Stuntz for creating
MUI

, answering lots of questions and
bearing my constant (positive and negative) criticism

* Matt Dillon for DICE

* Markus Illenseer (ill) and other people on IRC (#AmigaGER) for
their help

* Gaël Marziou for YAK

* Stefan Becker for ToolManager

I'm sure there are many more people I should mention here but they
don't come to my mind just now...

1.70 am.guide/Localization

Translating AM to another language
=====

Currently, there are six languages available for 'AM': English (the builtin), German, Netherlands, Norwegian, Portuguese, and Swedish (see

Crew

). If you'd like to translate 'AM' to another language, please ←
fill

in the translated strings in the blank 'am.ct' file which comes with this distribution.

In many cases, a look at the catalog descriptor ('am.cd') will help you translate the strings in the right way. You can then compile the new catalog using Commodore's 'CatComp' utility (or similar).

But please don't spread your private catalog versions! If you have a new catalog or just want to improve an already existing one, you should contact the

Author
of 'AM'.

1.71 am.guide/muFS

Short information on muFS
=====

muFS is an abbreviation for Multi User File System. It was created by Geert Uytterhoeven for the Commodore Amiga computer. It works with Amiga OS 2.0+ and is implemented as a normal DOS file system. So it works with (nearly) all programs.

For more information see the 'MultiUser.doc' which comes with the muFS distribution.

1.72 am.guide/MUI

Short information on MUI
=====

MUI is an abbreviation for Magic User Interface. It was created by Stefan Stuntz for the Commodore Amiga computer. To utilize MUI at least a 68020 or better is recommended, your computer will be very slow

otherwise...

For more information see the 'ReadMe.mui' which comes with this distribution of 'AM'.

1.73 am.guide/Index

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