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	TITLE:						
	GfxCon						
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Chapter 1

GfxCon

1.1 contents

```
GfxCon - image format converter
V1.6 (4 June 1995)
      Dirk Farin
Introduction
             what is GfxCon ?
             what's new ?
             Remarks
             bugs ?
              installation
             requirements
             installation
              usage
             entering the filenames
             selection the output-format
             modifying size and orientation
             modifying colors
             the conversion-process
             showing information about the input image
```

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using GfxCon as shell-command new reference

supported formats

problems that may occur

about the program

copyright

(registration)

1.2 the purpose of GfxCon

what is GfxCon ?

GfxCon makes it possible to convert images to the most popular image formats in a user-friendly way. Simplicity of usage and a high quality have been the primary goals while developing GfxCon.

Besides this it is possible to modify the image in many ways like changeing the resolution, contrast of the image or numerous color-effects.

not implemented:

- showing the picture

1.3 news

news
--
version 1.6

- two ways to proportionally resize an image (shell only)
- it's now possible to query the image-infos from shell

version 1.5

- may now be used as shell-command
- saves background-color if known (ILBM<->GIF)
can only be changed by hand with shell-parameter
- runs under Kick 1.2 :) (shell only)
- bug fixed: changing image-geometry and saving as GIF at once was faulty

version 1.4

- bug in PCX-loader fixed (images with odd number of bytes per row)

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- bug in PCX-saver fixed (BytesPerRow in PCX-header was set incorrectly)
- 68020-version doesn't need 68881 any more (uses IEEE-libraries now)

version 1.3

- HAM6 is working again
- virtual memory improved (new Tooltypes)
- TIFF-RGB-images and bug-fix

version 1.2

- HAM8-mode (finally)
- Targa-CLUT-images

1.4 remarks

I've written GfxCon a long time ago (before the release of WB2.1). Therefore some things like localisation have been solved in a different way (with tooltypes instead of using the WB2.1-catalogs). But this allows even users of WB1.2 to use the feature of localisation:)

For the same reason GfxCon does not support the use of datatypes (introduces in Kick3.0).

Since upgrading the program to use all these would exceed my free time at the moment, it is unlikely that an update will be released. But a completely new program (of course much better than this) may be possible in the near future.

1.5 bugs

known bugs:

- sometimes the font in one of the button-gadgets changes to a smaller one "without any sensible reason". But this does not affect functionality in any way.

If you discover a bug, please let me know. I will try to fix it, but I cannot promise to succeed, as this program is nearly 2 years old by now (!) and has not been looked at in the meantime.

my address

1.6 requirements

requirements

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```
This program requires to run:

Kickstart 1.2
20000 Bytes stack

Recommended:

At LEAST a 68020 !

4 MB memory

hard-disk
```

1.7 installation

```
installation

=========

To install this program simply move the drawer containing the program (or only the program) to a place of your choice.

To configure the program to your system, it is recommended to change the

tooltypes
to your needs.

Thats all.
```

1.8 using as shell-command

```
GfxCon can now (since version 1.5) be used as shell-command. This works even with Kickstart 1.2 (or lower :-)

usage:

GfxCon inputfile [TO outputfile] [FORMAT f] [COLORS c] [SIZE x y] [FLIPX] [...]

If you don't specify an outputfile, the old suffix will be replaced with the suffix of the output-format.

parameter:

TO destname set destination filename FORMAT output format { ILBM, GIF, PCX, JPEG, Postscript }

COLORS n use 'n' colors max.

DITHER use floyd-steinberg dithering
```

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```
FASTDITHER
            use fast floyd dithering
BACKGROUND n use color 'n' as background color (only ILBM and GIF)
SIZE x y
             resize image
           proportionally resize image with factor f (>0)
RESIZE f
BOXFIT x y proportionally resize image to fit into the box specified
QUALITY q set JPEG-quality
CLUT
            select IFF-CLUT mode\
НАМ
                    IFF-HAM
                             mode \_ use only with 'FORMAT ILBM'
                    IFF-HAM8 mode /
8MAH
24BIT
                    IFF-24bit mode/
INVERS
          invert colors
            create black and white only
BW
GRAYSCALE
           produce a grayscale (not simply BW!) output
NORED
            remove red
NOGREEN
            remove green
             remove blue
NOBLUE
FLIPX
            flip horizontally
FLIPY
            flip vertically
ROTATELEFT rotate left (90 degrees)
ROTATERIGHT rotate right (90 degrees)
INFO
             show image infos only
HELP / -help / -h / ? / -? this help-page :-)
```

remarks:

The shell-interface becomes much more powerful if combined with the 'foreach'-program (by me; available e.g. on aminet 'util/cli/foreach.lha'. Examples:

Convert all IFFs to GIFs: foreach #?.iff GfxCon & FORMAT GIF Produce a series of JPEGs with different quality-settings: foreach {30,50,70,90} GfxCon Pic.iff TO Pic&.jpg FORMAT JPEG QUALITY &

The shell-functions and the Kickl.2-support have been implemented after the program has been finished with a lot of dirty tricks and is therefore everything but perfect. It is mainly to offer these capabilities until GfxCon2.0 is finished and to finally give a graphics-converter to those poor Kickl.2 people :)

caution:

Kick1.3 users CANNOT use the Postscript-output. Sorry!

1.9 entering filenames

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There is a box 'Load' at the top left and a box 'Save' at the right to enter the filenames for the input- and output-filename respective. Both boxes can be used in the same way.

To enter a filename simply type it into the string-gadget or choose a file using the filerequester which can be opened by pressing the button to the left of each string-gadget.

If you entered the input-filename (and have pressed RETURN or the TAB-key or you choose it with the filerequester, GfxCon tries to determine the format of the input-file and enters the name of the format into the popup-gadget below the string-gadgets.

RGB-files (raw)

If GfxCon doesn't recognise the input-format, it supposes that it is a raw

RGB-file

(consisting of three files for red, green and blue).

As three input-files are needed to load a RGB-raw-image, GfxCon enables the two string-gadgets below the normal one to let you enter the filenames for the green and blue part of the image. The character at the right of each string-gadget shows which filename to enter (the red-part at R, the green at G and the blue at B of course).

1.10 selection the output format

selection the output format

selecting the file-format

You can select the format using the "popup-gadget" in the 'Save'-box.

selecting the color mode (only ILBM)

______,

As the

ILBM-format

supports several color modes (colortable, 24 bit, HAM6, HAM8), you may choose the color mode with the popup-gadget 'colormode'.

setting number of colors

The number of colors allowed in the output-file may be specified with the gadget 'colors'. You may also enter unusual numbers like 28 or 53. As most image-formats only allow numbers that are a power of 2, GfxCon rounds this number up to the next possible number of colors and leaves the remaining colors unused. (If you specify more colors than the format allows, like 512 für PCX, GfxCon uses the maximum colors possible with that format).

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1.11 modifying size and orientation

modifying size and orientation

resizing

Switch the button 'custom' in the box 'size' to on. The two gadgets 'width' and 'height' will become enabled with the original size of the image in pixel already filled in. Modify these values to the desired ones.

If you enlarge the image and don't want that "big pixels" are created, set the switch 'interpolated'. The conversion will take longer but the result will be a smoother image.

NOTE: Interpolating an image creates new colors. It makes no sense to interpolate a image when the output will only have 2 colors for example.

NOTE: To enlarge the picture, GfxCon need more memory than normal.

flipping the image

you may flip the image horizontally or vertically (or both, what results in rotating the image 180 degrees) using the gadget 'flip' in the 'transform' box.

rotating the image

you may rotate the image 90 degrees (counterclockwise) or -90 degress (clockwise) using the gadget 'rotate' in the 'transform' box.

NOTE: for rotating the image GfxCon needs more memory than normal.

1.12 modifying colors

modifying colors ===========

brightness and contrast

At the bottom of the box 'colors' there are two gadgets to change the brightness and contrast of the whole image. The value for the brightness must be in the range between -255 and +255 inclusive. The value for contrast must of course be at least 1%. A value between 1% and 99% reduces the contrast, a value above 100% enhances contrast.

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color effects

There are several special color effects, which you can choose using the popup-gadget 'effects' in the 'colors' box:

convert to black-white
invert image
black-white-negative
: choose 'black/white'
'inverse'
'inserse & bw'

Besides this you can select filters. In the 'effects'-popup-gadget there are filters in these colors:

red, green, blue, yellow, magenta and cyan.

grayscales

If you want the output image to be colored using a linear grayscale (or images using only the colors black and white as needed for printing) choose the item 'grayscale' from the 'effects'-gadget. But remember that this only works if you are converting to a image with a format using a CLUT (colortable).

dithering

If you are reducing the number of colors of a picture with many colors (like JPEG) it is very important to use dithering. If you don't, awful looking "wrong" colors will stay in the output. The principle of dithering is to use several pixels of different colors to achieve the effect that these colors look like the missing one if looked at from a distance.

GfxCon uses at the moment only the 'Floyd-Steinberg'-dithering, that is very time-consuming but produces very good images.

Select the Floyd-Steinberg-dithering with the gadget 'dithering'.

1.13 the conversion-process

the conversion-process

The conversion can be started by clicking the big gadget 'convert' at the bottom left. A window will open telling you what GfxCon is doing at the moment (rotating, saving...) in the lower part and showing how much of this action is finished with the bar in the upper part of the window.

It may be that another window will open, where you may enter additional parameters (like the quality of

JPEG-output or the size of the image with Postscript-output GfxCon 9 / 19

) .

1.14 showing information about the input-image

showing information about the input-image

With the big gadget 'infos' at the bottom, you can display some details about the input-image. What is displayed depends on the format of the input-image and what is really stored in the image. This information can be very complex (like TIFF) or very scarce (like IMG).

1.15 supported formats

supported formats

______ input formats output formats ILBM ILBM LBM PCX RGB8 / RGBN JPEG PCX RGB-Raw IMG Postscript BMP / RLE4 / RLE8 GIF GIF TIFF

JPEG

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Targa

RGB-Raw

1.16 problemes

any problems ?

There are files called 'GFXCON...' in a directory of my harddisc. Have they any use?

These files are created if the program needs to save parts of the image it is working on onto the hard-disc (see

virtual memory

).

Normally, these files are automatically deleted after use. But it you reset your computer while GfxCon is working it doesn't have a change to do this.

Please delete these files by hand or start GfxCon again to delete these files automatically.

After starting the program I only get the message 'window does not fit on the screen'.

GfxCon is font-sensitive. You have selected too big fonts for the gadgets, which would require a window that is too large to fit on the screen.

1.17 setting the tooltypes

These tooltypes are used by GfxCon:

LANGUAGE - lets you select the language of GfxCon. Currently possible values are: 'english', 'german' or 'englisch', 'deutsch'

TEMPDIR - As GfxCon uses a big amount of memory, it swaps part of the image to hard-disc if more memory is needed than available (see virtual memory

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) to let you even convert pictures that are too large to fit in the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{memory}}$.

With this tooltype you specify the directory into which GfxCon writes these temporary files.

NOTE: This string will be used as prefix to the filename. Therefore do NOT enter 'sys:t' but 'sys:t/'.

HINT: Insert a command in your s:user-startup to clear this directory during startup, as files my stay in there if a strange error occurs or the system crashes.

STDLOADPATH - Most people have most of their image in the same directory. To prevent you from entering the path to this directory each time you start GfxCon, you may specify a default directory which will automatically be used if you use the filerequester.

STDSAVEPATH - The same as STDLOADPATH for the output-file.

GADGETFONT - With this tooltype you may specify the font for most of the gadgets and nearly all output. The format of this tooltype is: '<name> <size>'. For example: 'topaz 8' or 'helvetica 18'.

TITLEFONT - The font for titles and big gadgets. The format is the same as that of 'GADGETFONT'.

MINMEM - How much memory (in bytes) GfxCon may not use for its image-data.

MINMEMBLOCK - GfxCon only allocates memory if there is a mem-block with at least "MINMEMBLOCK" bytes.

1.18 automatic format-recognition

GfxCon determines the input-format my itself by scanning the input for unequivocal characteristics. It does not look at the suffix of the filename (as most programs do).

The format-recognition will be called when you leave to topmost string-gadget in the 'load'-box.

The algorithm works fine in almost every case. But theoretically it may be, that the wrong format is guessed. Then you have to set it manually using the popup-gadget.

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1.19 memory usage

This program needs very much memory, as all images are stored internally using 24 bit. Additional the program needs one more byte for each pixel for special data.

You may estimate the memory-usage using this equation:

```
For example: a 320x 256 image needs 320 kByte 640x 512 1.25 MB 800x 600 ca. 1.80 MB 1024x 768 3 MB 1280x1024 5 MB
```

exceptions

Some effects (resize, rotate) need two buffers at the same time. But the memory that is needed is not the memory of these two buffers added together, as GfxCon knows what parts of the image it does not need any more. These parts will be freed when it is not needed any more.

```
virtual memory
```

To make it possible to convert images that do not fit into the memory, parts of the image, that are not needed at the moment are written to hard-disc (see

virtual memory
).

1.20 virtual memory

If more memory is needed to process an image than available, $\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,$ parts

of the image are saved to hard-disc to use the memory to do other calculations there.

require

5 MB to be processed, but you

only have 3 MB free memory, GfxCon will swap at least 2 MB to hard-disc during processing the image.

These files are of course deleted just when they are not needed any more, not to fill the hard-disc with useless files.

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```
NOTE: If you reset the computer while GfxCon is using such temporary files, GfxCon cannot delete this files. Beginning with version 1.3, GfxCon deletes this files automatically at start.

DO NOT delete any file, while GfxCon is using them!!!
```

1.21 IFF - ILBM Format

1.22 PCX - format

```
PCX - format
------
load
----
- all PCX-images
- compressed and uncompressed
save
----
- images with 2, 16 or 256 (all possibilities)
```

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- all images are compressed
- PCX-version 3.0 is used

1.23 JPEG - format

```
JPEG format
-----
load
----
- all JPEG/JFIF images

save
----
- the quality of the output can be altered in the range between 25% and 100%
```

1.24 Postscript

1.25 RGB - raw - files

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```
RGB - raw - files (3 files with the red, green and blue parts of the image)
------
load
----

- As the size of the picture cannot be determined by looking at the input-file. Therefore GfxCon guesses the width of the picture. If it guesses wrong, you can correct the width in pixel.

save
----
- yes
```

1.26 RGB8 / RGBN - format

```
IFF - RGB8 / RGBN - format (Imagine)
-----
load
----
- RGBN (4096 colors) and RGB8 (truecolor, 24 bit) images
save
----
- no
```

1.27 IMG - format

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1.28 BMP/RLE4/RLE8 - formats

1.29 GIF - format

```
GIF - format
------
load
----
- all images (even those with fewer than 256 colors
- raster and interlace format
- only the first picture of the file is read

save
----
- always saves GIF87a / raster-images
```

1.30 TIFF - format

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```
    CCITT3 (FAX) compressed: black/white
    RunLength black/white
    LZW and JPEG are not supported.
```

1.31 Targa - format

- no

1.32 position and size of Postscript output

```
position and size of Postscript output
```

The window to enter the position and size of the Postscript-output opens automatically. You must specify the position of the top left corner of the picture measured from the bottom left corner of the paper in portrait-orientation (may depend on your printer) and the width and height of the image (in cm).

The values that are by default filled into the gadgets produce a picture 18cm wide and a height according to the aspect of the picture.

1.33 about GfxCon

author

=====

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```
Dirk Farin
Kapellenweg 15
72070 Tübingen
Germany
EMail: farindk@trick.informatik.uni-stuttgart.de
               copyright
               (registration)
                I would be happy to receive any proposals and bug-reports ( \hookleftarrow
                   EMail
preferred). I will answer to all of these if possible.
If you miss your favourite format (and probably do have any
documentation about it), I will try to implement this format too in
future versions.
This program has been written on an Amiga3000T/25Mhz with 5MB,
Kick2.04 and graphics-card. It has been compiled with SAS/C V6.55.
It has been successfully tested on these systems:
 Amiga 3000T / OS2.04
 Amiga 3000 / OS2.04
 Amiga 2000 / OS2.04
 Amiga 500 / OS2.04
 Amiga 4000 / OS3.0
 Amiga 1200 / OS3.0
 ... :-))
thanx go to:
```

for his Fish-discs / -CDs.

for his DME-editor.

All users of GfxCon who did register or/and sent-bug reports !!!

1.34 registration

Fred Fish

Matthew Dillon

(registration)

The maintainers of Aminet

This program is Cardware / EMailware.

As this program is very old and not up to date, I think it would be unfair to sell it as Shareware.

But if you use this program sometimes I would be very happy to receive a postcard or even an EMail, in which you can tell me, if you like this program or what could be done better.

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Of course I will answer any questions concerning the program.

my address

1.35 copyright

copyright:

GfxCon is

Cardware / EMailware.

It may be included in Public-Domain-discs, AmiNet and spread in \leftrightarrow any

other noncommercial way. No part of $GfxCon\ may\ be\ used$ for commercial purpose without my permission.

The Graphics Interchange Format(c) is the Copyright property of CompuServe Incorporated. GIF(sm) is a Service Mark property of CompuServe Incorporated.