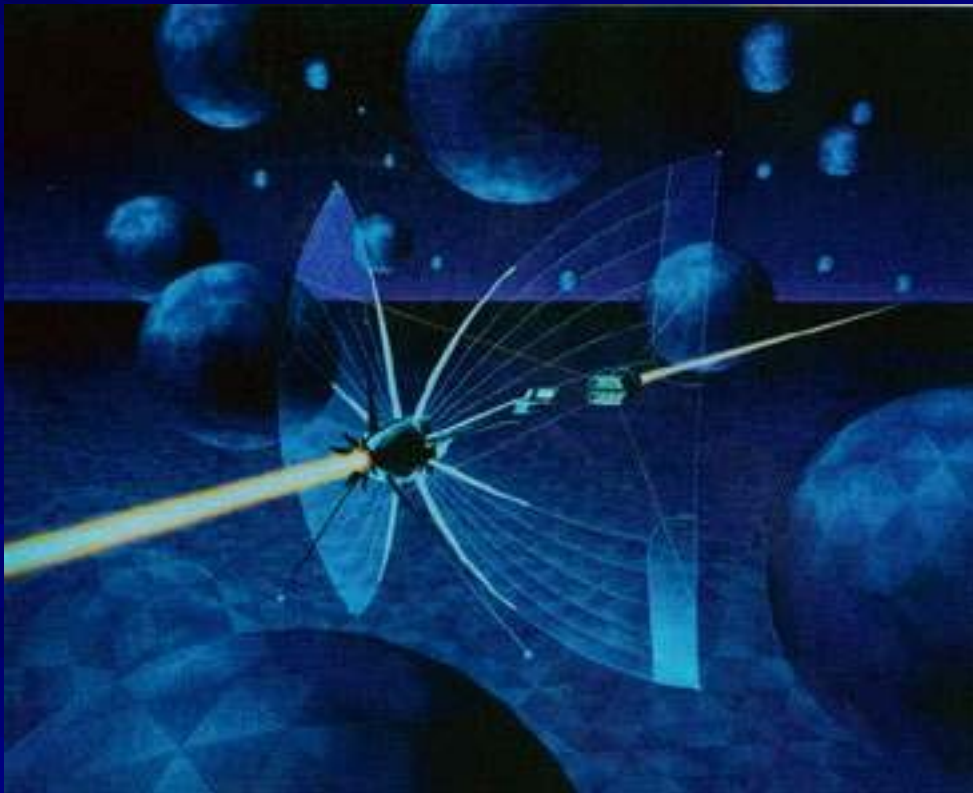


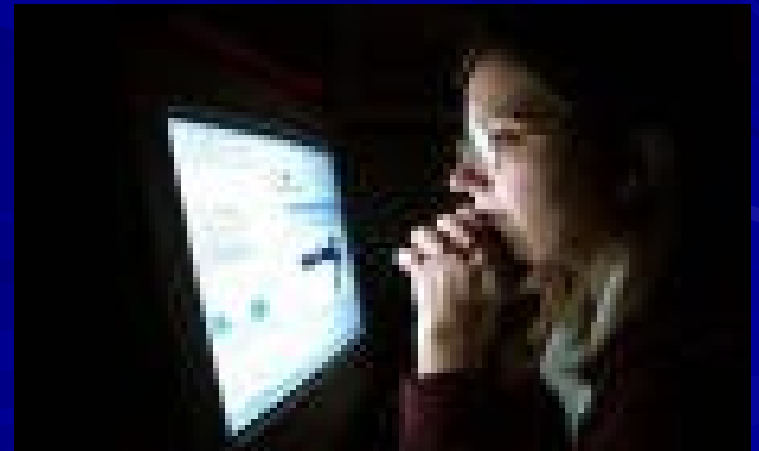
Cybercrime: Challenges for Law Enforcement



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Distinguished
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Dayton

Real-world & cybercrime

- **Current approaches evolved to deal with real-world crime**
- **Cybercrime occurs in a different context and therefore presents different issues**



Example #1: Theft

- **Real-world theft:** possession of property shifts completely from A to B, i.e., A had it now B has it
- **Cyber-theft:** Property is copied, so A “has” it and so does B



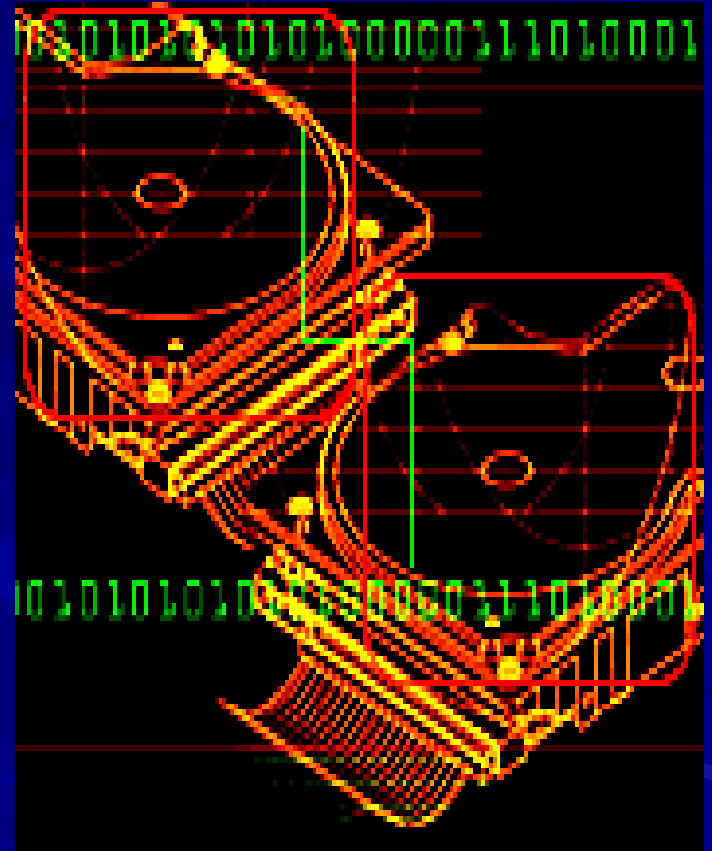
Copying as theft?

- **Randall Schwartz worked for Intel**
- **Charged with computer theft for copying a password file**
- **Claimed it wasn't theft because Intel did not "lose" anything – Intel still had the passwords, and so did Schwartz**



Example #2: Seizure

- **Is copying files a seizure under the Fourth Amendment**
- **Same as theft?**
- **Nicky Scarfo logger**



Nicky Scarfo logger

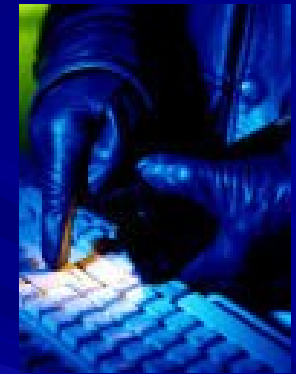
- **FBI executed warrant at Scarfo's office**
- **Seized files from his computer – one was encrypted**
- **Agents installed a keystroke logger on his office PC, copied his passphrase – seizure?**



What is cybercrime?

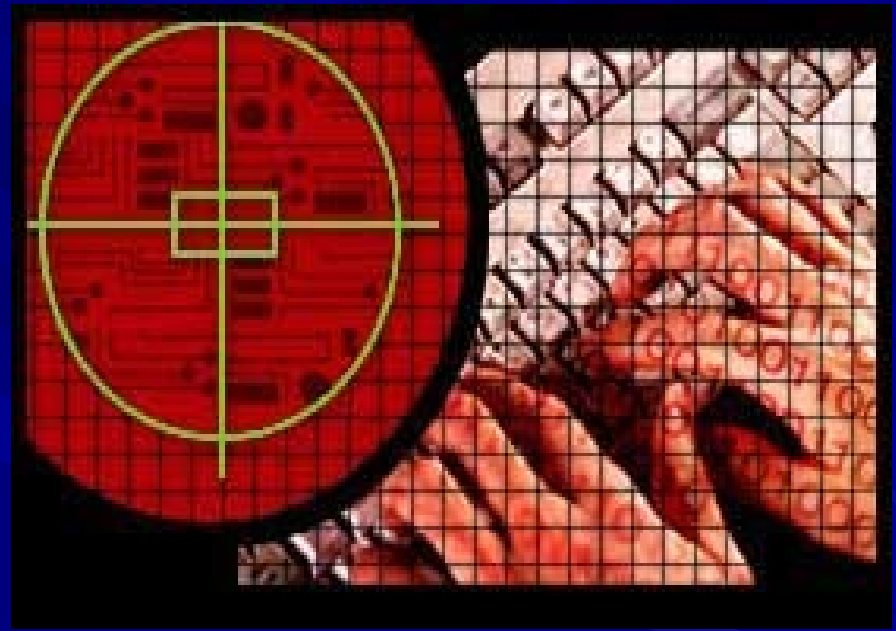
Cybercrimes are divided into 3 categories:

- crimes where a computer is the target of the crime,
- crimes where a computer is a tool of the crime, and
- crimes where a computer is incidental to the commission of the crime.



Computer as Target

- **Hacking (trespass)**
- **Cracking (burglary)**
- **Malicious code
(viruses, worms,
Trojan horses)**
- **Vandalism (web
site defacement)**
- **Denial of service
attacks**



Target case: John Sullivan

- **Hired to develop software program for Lance, Inc.**
- **Demoted, he hid a logic bomb in the program**
- **It shut down 824 handheld computers sales reps used to contact headquarters, costing Lance, Inc. over \$100,000**
- ***U.S. v. Sullivan*, 40 Fed. Appx. 740 (4th Cir. 2002)**



Target Case: Czubinski

- **IRS customer service rep who could use IRS computers to answer customer questions**
- **Looked up tax returns of a woman he dated, ADA prosecuting his father, etc.**
- **Charged with wire and computer fraud**
- **Charges dismissed – no evidence of scheme to defraud**



Denial of Service - 02/2000

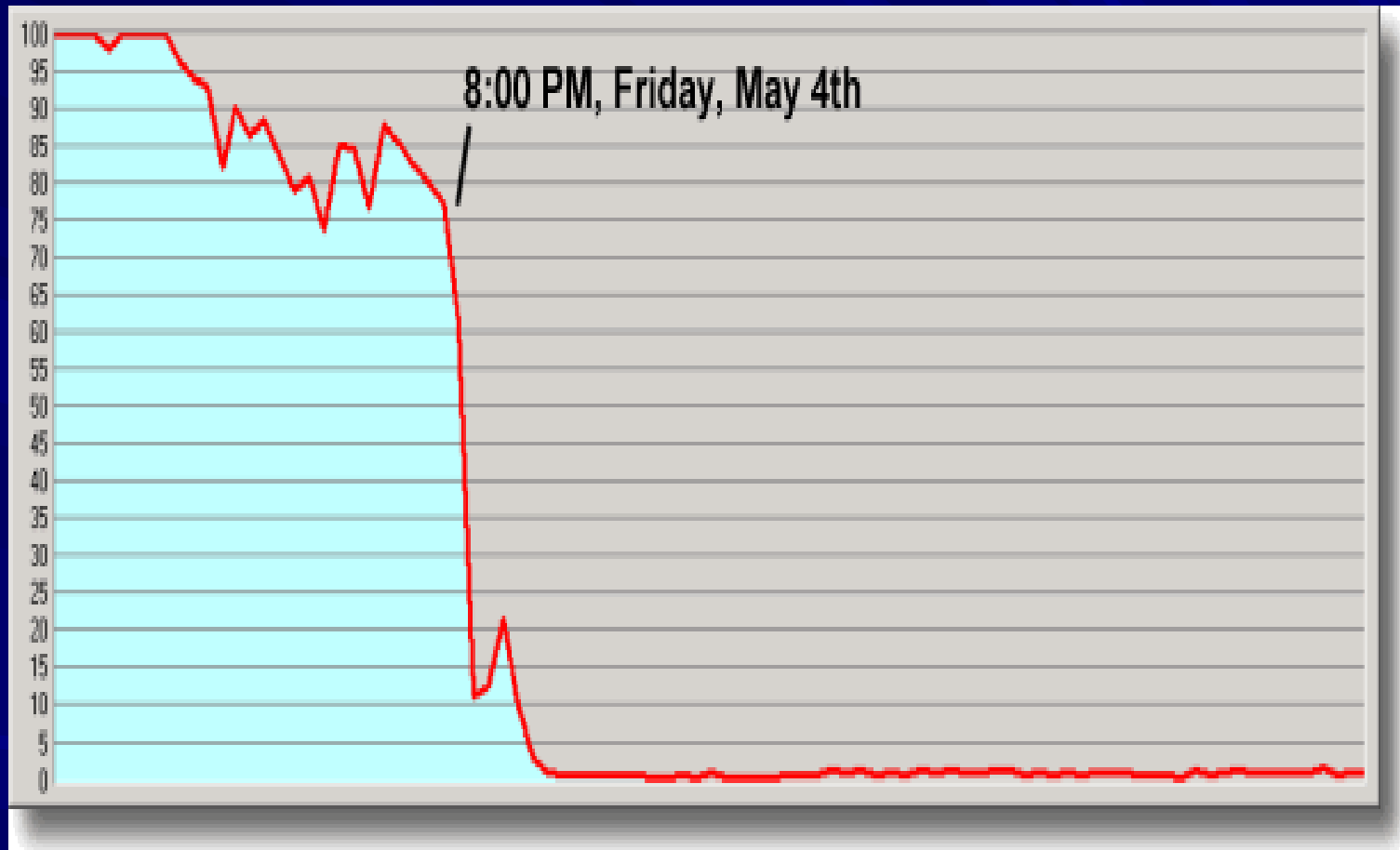
- **Yahoo, Amazon, eBay, CNN & Buy.com were all attacked**

- **15-year-old pled guilty to the attacks, which did an estimated \$1.7 billion in damage**

- **8 months in a juvenile detention center**



DDos Attack on GRC.Com



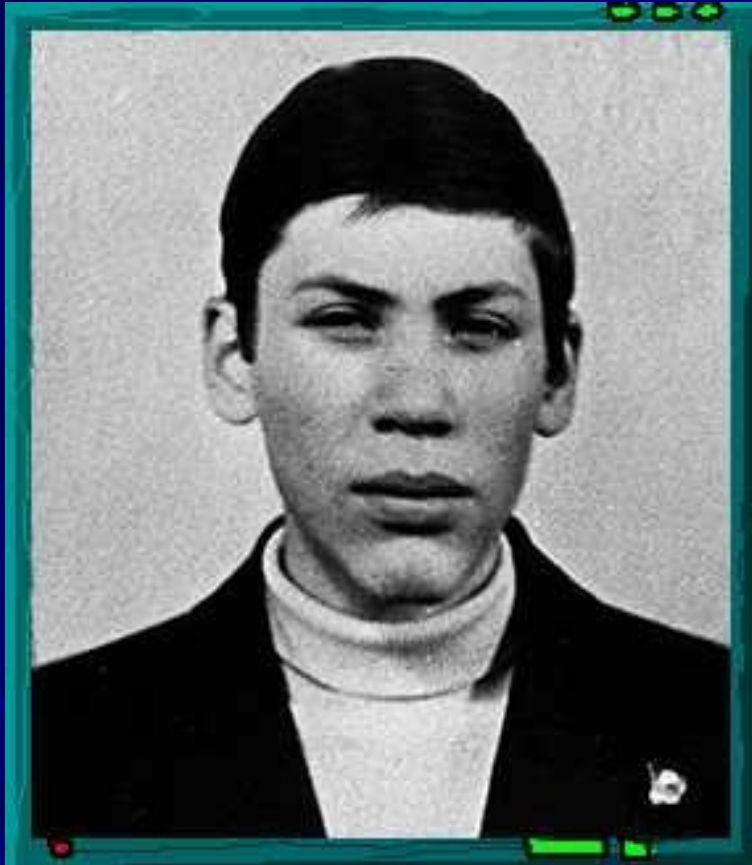
“I just ddosed you,” Wicked, 13

Computer As Tool

- **Fraud**
- **Theft**
- **Extortion**
- **Stalking**
- **Forgery**
- **Child pornography**
- **Other???**



Theft: Citibank



- **Vladimir Levin took responsibility for siphoning \$10 million from Citibank and transferring it into foreign accounts**
- **Sentenced to 3 years in prison**

Identity Theft/Fraud

- **Abraham Abdallah, a bus boy, stole the identifies of Oprah Winfrey, George Lucas, Ross Perot, etc.**
- **Transferred funds from their accounts to ones he set up using computers in public libraries**



Fake Escrow Sites

- **Dentist Bruce Lachot sent \$55,000 to an escrow site to buy a BMW from a German seller**

- **Fake site**

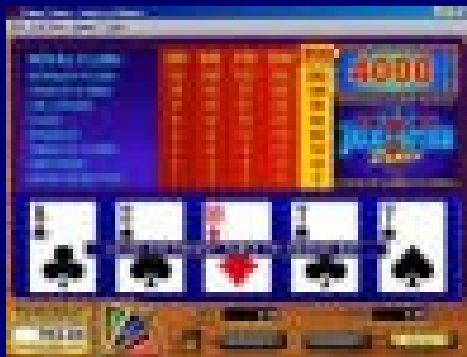
- **Lachot never got his BMW or his money back**



Fraud? Theft?

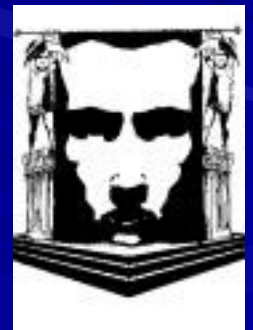


- **Hacker fixes online casino's server so people playing craps and slots could not lose**
- **Players won \$1.9 million**
- **Others have done similar things, then demanded money not to repeat it**



Stalking a School

- **1999 – Massachusetts middle school is stalked by an unknown person**
- **Students, faculty, parents and the entire town are panicked**
- **Christian Hunold, a 20 year old paraplegic, eventually identified as the stalker**



The Nuremberg Files



Black font (working)

Grey font (wounded)

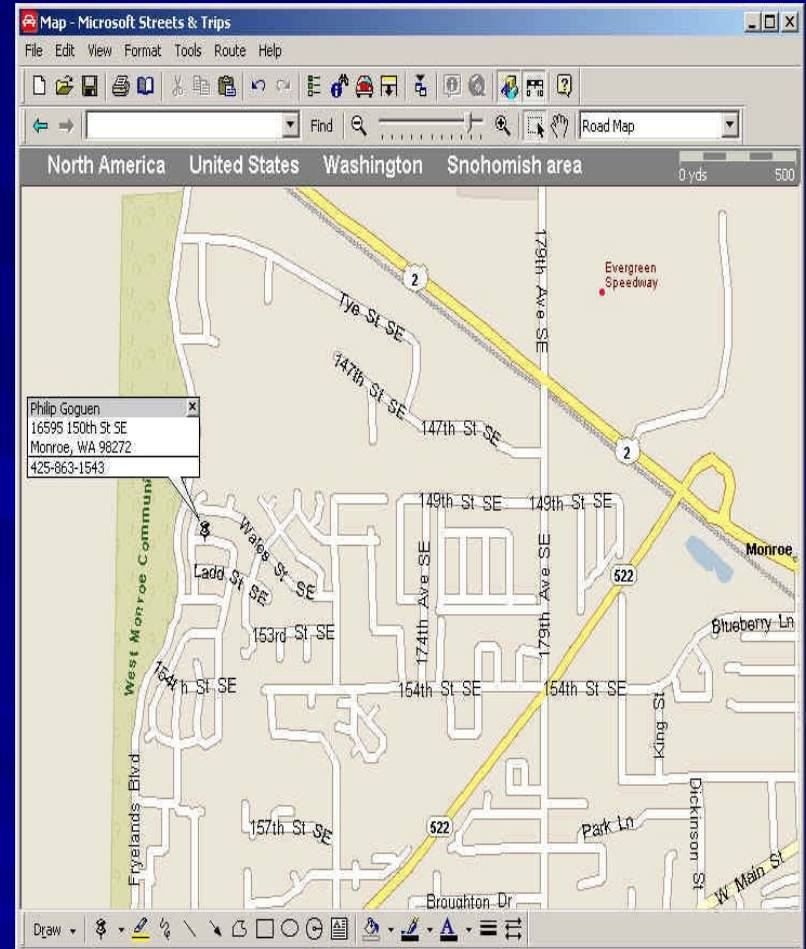
Strikethrough (dead)

JusticeFiles.org

Philip C. Goguen, Kirkland Police officer

This is a picture of Officer Goguen's home.

This is a map to Officer Goguen's home.



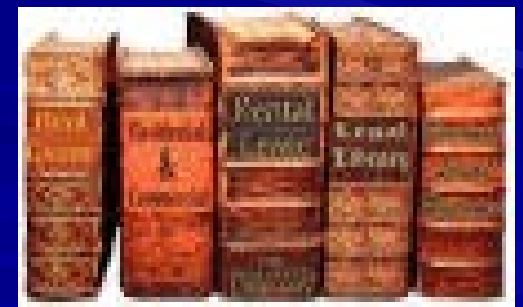
Computer Incidental



- **Blackmailer uses computer to write blackmail letters**
- **Drug dealer stores records on computer**
- **Computer used to research murder methods**

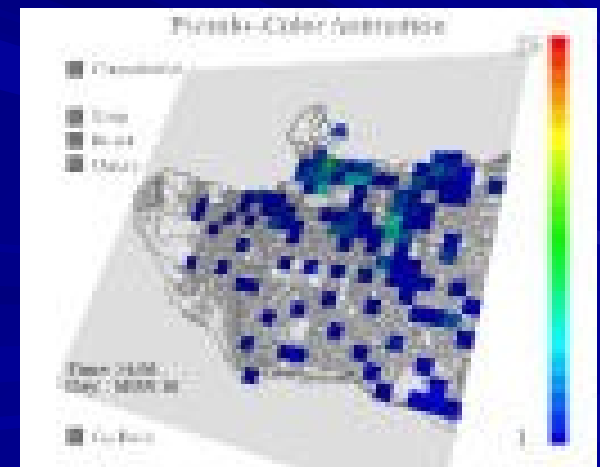
Divergences

- **Real-world crime and cybercrime differ in several respects**
- **Differences make it difficult to apply traditional principles of criminal law and law enforcement to cybercrime**



Real-world crime

- Proximity
- Limited Scale
- Physical constraints
- Patterns

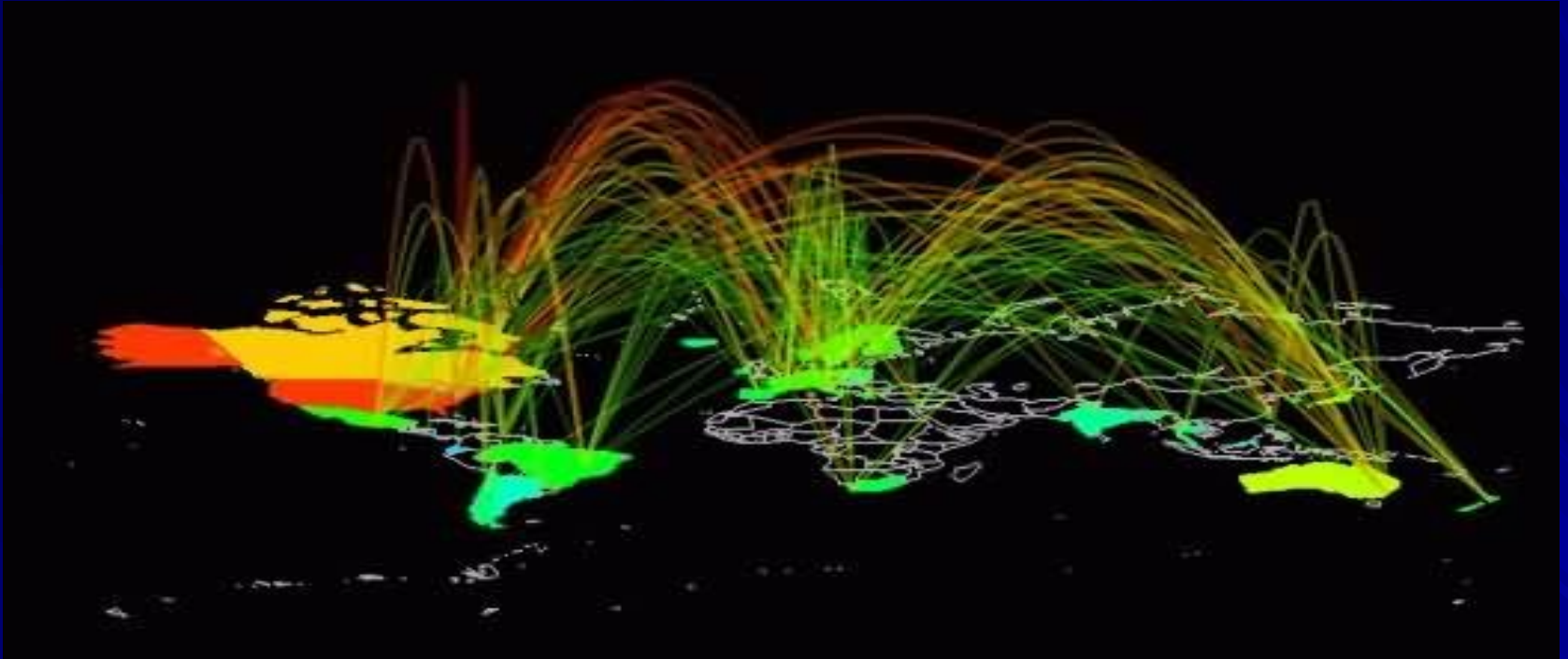


Real-world crime shaped law enforcement

- **Reactive model**
- **Crime committed**
- **Investigation**
- **Apprehension**
- **Conviction**
- **Deterrence**
- **Crime controlled**



Cybercrime: proximity



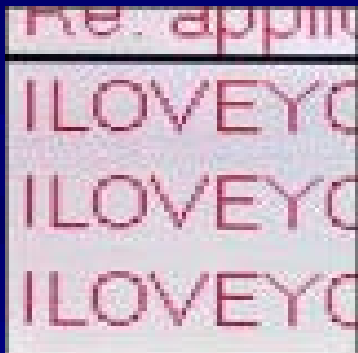
“In the networked world, no island is an island.”

McConnell International, *Cyber Crime . . . And Punishment Archaic Laws Threaten Global Information* (2001).

Proximity: example #1



- **Onel de Guzman, accused author of the “Love Bug” virus**
- **\$10-\$12 billion in damage in over 20 countries**
- **Not a crime in the Philippines, never prosecuted, anywhere**



Proximity: example #2

- **Attacked companies in 10 states**
- **Extorted money by threatening to sell stolen data/return and cause damage**
- **FBI identified Vasiliy Gorshkov and Alexey Ivanov as the hackers**

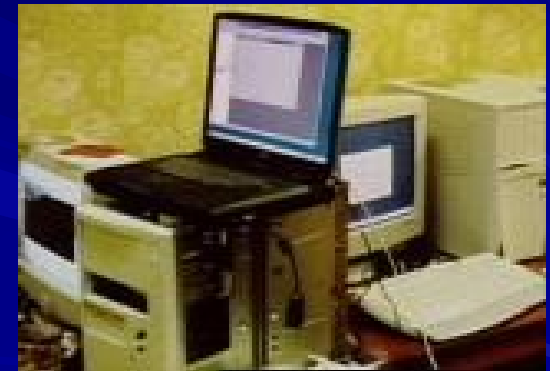


Gorshkov

Ivanov

Example #2 - continued

- **Interview with Invita**
- **Used FBI laptop to access a Russian computer and demo hacking skills – arrested**
- **FBI used information obtained by a logger on the laptop to access the Russian computer and download evidence without a warrant**



Invita: Implications

- **Cybercrime is transborder, transnational crime**
- **Russians would not assist FBI -- no MLAT in effect**
- **In August, the Federal Security Service charged an FBI agent with hacking**



Cybercrime: scale

- **Thomas & Janice Reedy provided a gateway to child porn sites**
- **350,000 subscribers (35,000 in US & 1,300 in the UK)**
- **Estimate: it takes 80 hours to process one computer, which is only part of prosecuting**



Physical constraints

- **Anonymity**
- **Easier to avoid leaving trace evidence**
- **Crimes are committed quickly – more easily concealed**



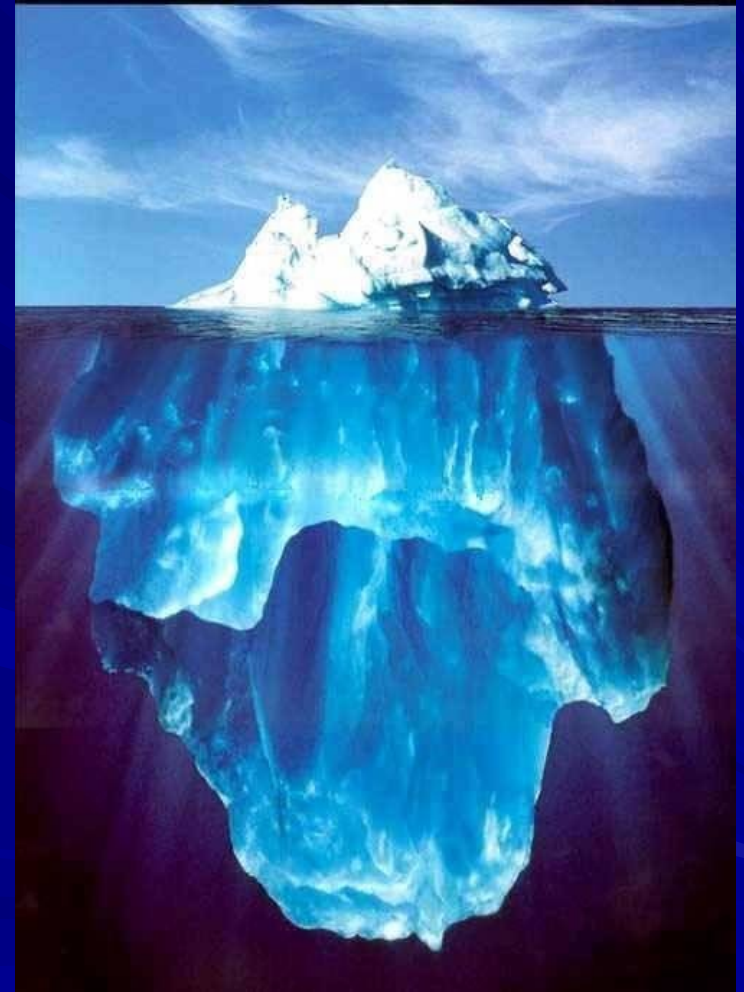
Concealment: framing

- **NY executive discovered email was being tapped**
- **Traced to former employee, Joe Smith, in St. Louis**
- **Smith said he did not do it**
- **Further investigation showed Fred Doe, former employee in Seattle, tapped email and framed Smith**



Cybercrime Patterns?

- **Lack of accurate statistics**
- **No standard offense definitions**
- **Hard to parse a cybercrime into “offenses” – was the Love Bug one crime or thousands of crimes?**



Different Approaches

- **Collaborative model – commercial**
- **Prevention (information sharing, etc.)**
- **Informal reporting of cybercrimes**
- **Reacting – private resources supplement law enforcement resources**



Legal issues

- **Must private personnel abide by rules governing law enforcement?**
- **Permissibility of using private personnel in evidence-gathering**
- **Locus of the decision to prosecute**



Private Person case

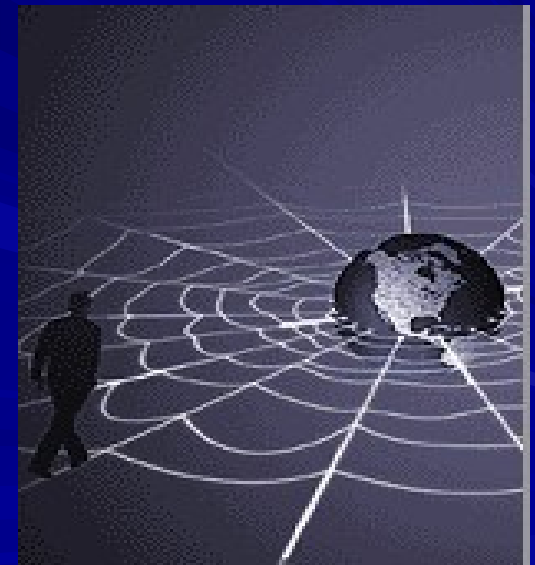
- **Person claiming to be Turkish hacker gives police evidence of child porn/molestation**
- **Investigation and arrests**
- **Turkish hacker agent of the police?**

- **U.S. v. Steiger, 318 F.2d 1039 (11th Cir. 2003) (no); U.S. v. Jarrett, 229 F. Supp.2d 503 (E.D. Va. 2002) (yes_**



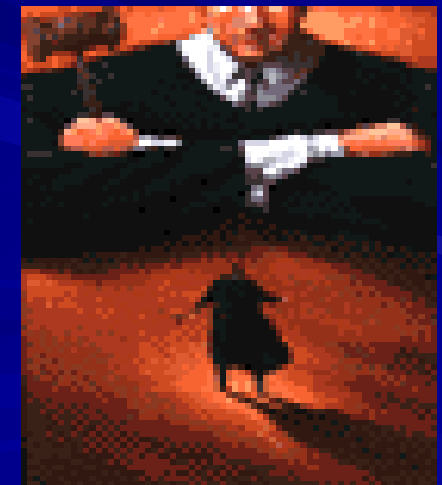
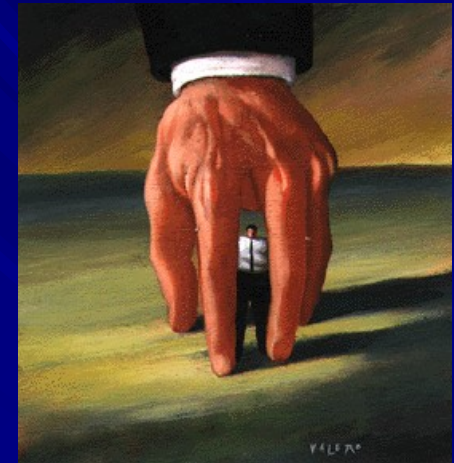
Shift

- **Emerging model is a shift from a law enforcement, primarily reactive model, to a collaborative preventive-reactive model**
- **Emphasizes prevention because of the difficulties involved in reacting to cybercrime**



Expanding the Model

- Collaborative approach for individuals?
- Prevention?
(Assumption of the risk?)
- Increased reporting?
- Reacting? Vigilantism?
Victim reaction?



Institute

- **University of Dayton School of Law establishing new institute**
- **International Institute for Technology, Security and Law**
- **Cybercrime research, training, policy analysis**
- **Formal announcement in August**

The University of Dayton
School of Law

Cybercrimes



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<http://www.cybercrimes.net>