



# LMD - Tools

Version 0.76

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# LMD - Tools

## Introduction

The *LMD-Tools* constitute a small collection of components with which was attached importance to a simple applicability. As the components still haven't been tested excessively we decided to publish this version as Public Beta or rather as Freeware, i.e. the components are fully functional and can be tied up in private or commercial programmes or rather be passed on to a third. We only make condition that our Copyright is preserved and the *LMD-Tools* remain unchanged.

We would be pleased about some criticism, some ideas and comments regarding this collection. That's why we ask for a great Feedback!



# LMD - Tools

## Installation

The freeware version of the *LMD-Tools* includes no separate installation program. Therefore you have to unzip the supplied Zip-File at first in a directory of your will.

### ➤ Adding the components

1. Start Delphi.
2. Choose Install Components... from the Options menu.
3. Choose Add to open the Add Module dialog box.
4. In the Add Module dialog box, choose Browse.
5. Select the directory that contains the *LMD-Tools* files, and then select the LMDREG.PAS.
6. Choose OK to close the browse dialog box.
7. Choose OK to close the Add Module dialog box.
8. Choose OK to close the Install Components dialog box and rebuild the library.

The *LMD-Tools* will appear at the end of the current palette.

### ➤ Adding the help keywords

Delphi allows you to integrate any help file into the Delphi environment. To integrate the help file, follow these steps:

1. Start the Help File Installer from the Delphi group (file HELPINST.EXE).
2. Choose Open... from the File menu.
3. Select the Delphi directory, select the BIN directory, and then select the DELPHI.HDX file.
4. Choose Add Keyword File... from the Keywords menu.
5. Select the directory that contains the *LMD-Tools* files, and then select the LMDHELPE.KWF file.
6. Choose Save from the File menu.

The *LMD-Tools* help file should now be integrated to the Delphi environment.



# LMD - Tools

## Getting started...

After you unzipped the Zip-File there will be created a directory called DEMOS which contains sub-directories that are divided up into different small Demos which fit to the corresponding components.



# LMD - Tools

## Technical Support

As this version is Freeware there's no claim to technical support. But we will try hard to answer as many inquiries as possible.

Please make them in writing or best you send them by e-mail!

You'll find the adresses or rather numbers at [Addresses/Fax/E-Mail](#).



# LMD - Tools

## Addresses/Fax/E-Mail

*Adresse:*                   **LMD Innovative**  
Vor der Hohler 17a  
57080 Siegen

*Faxnumber:*               0271/356952

*Compuserve:*             100416,376  
*Internet:*                 100416,376@compuserve.com



# LMD - Tools

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## Overview LMD-Tools Components

### Dialogues



[TLMDAboutDlg](#)



[TLMDDirDlg](#)



[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### System



[TLMDApp](#)



[TLMDSysInfo](#)



[TLMDFile](#)

### Graphic/Multimedia



[TLMDHiTimer](#)



[TLMDScreenSaver](#)



[TLMDJoyStick](#)



[TLMDTile](#)





# LMD - Tools

## Routines

The following additional usable routines are contained in the unit LMDTOOLS.DCU.

### **TIniFileExt=class(TIniFile)**

This derived class enlarges standard functionality of the IniFile-Control by two more useful methods with which relevant data of a window can be saved quickly.

```
Procedure SaveWinStatus(AForm:TForm; const Section:String);  
Procedure RestoreWinStatus(AForm:TForm; const Section:String);
```

The properties Left, Top, Width, Height as well as Windowstate are saved; these properties are restored by RestoreWinStatus.

### **function checkPath(path:string; flag:boolean):String;**

It checks the details of a Path; it checks if the pathname ends by a '\'. If there must be a '\' at the end of the string the flag has to be set to true, otherwise the function deletes the eventually existing character.

### **function IsCDROM(DriveNum: Integer): boolean;**

It checks, if the given number of the Drive ("Drive A:" =0, "Drive B:" =1 etc.) is a CD-ROM-Drive.

### **procedure centerchild(frmParent:TForm; frmchild: TForm; flag:boolean);**

It centers one form (frmchild) within another form (frmParent). If you still want this to be indicated modally the flag has to be set True.

### **procedure centerForm(frm:TForm);**

It centers the given form onto the screen.



# LMD - Tools

## Constants, Events, Types

### Used Types in the *LMD-Tools*

[TActualData](#)

[TFileAction](#)

[TFileErrorCode](#)

[TFileOptions](#)

[TJoyStickButtons](#)

[TLanguageMode](#)

[TTileMode](#)

[TTileStatus](#)

[TTipsDlgMode](#)

[TWinFlags](#)

### Used Events in the *LMD-Tools*

[TActionEvent](#)

[TErrorEvent](#)

[TJoystickEvent](#)

[TPWCheckEvent](#)



# LMD-Tools

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## TLMDAboutDlg, Component

[Look also](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

LMDAbout

### Description

TLMDAboutDlg is a non-visual component, with which an "About-Box" can be displayed in an easy way.

The displayed text can be influenced by the properties [CaptionTitle](#), [Version](#), [Copyright](#) and [Appname](#).

Two lines are available for the copyright -display. For being able to use the object-inspector for setting two-lined copyright-values a separator for the second line can be defined with the [CopyDelimiter](#)- property.

The Language of the default values is determined by the [Language](#)-property.

Use the [Execute](#)- or [ExecuteEnh](#)-method to display the dialog.

**Look also**

[TMDDirDlg](#)  
[TLMDTipDlg](#)

## Properties

▶ Runtime only

🔑 Key Properties

About

Appname

CaptionTitle

CopyDelimiter


CopyRight

Description

Language

Version

## Methods

 Key Methods

 Execute

ExecuteEnh



## TLMDDirDlg, Component

[Look also](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methoden](#)

### Unit

LMDDir

### Description

By this non-visual component the user can be given the possibility to choose a path name quickly. Generally this dialog corresponds to the open-file dialog, only any kind of reference to files and formats is missing here.

By the properties [CaptionTitle](#) and [ShowLabelDir](#) the display state of the dialog can be influenced. The property [Path](#) both sets and returns a path after displaying the dialog.

The Language of the default values is determined by the [Language](#)-property.

Use the [Execute](#)- or [ExecuteEnh](#)-method to display the dialog. The method [GetDir](#) should be chosen for a fast display of the dialog (without prior settings of properties).



**Look also**

[TLMDAboutDlg](#)  
[TLMDTipDlg](#)

## Properties

▶ Runtime only


🔑 Key Properties


[About](#)  
[CaptionTitle](#)

[Language](#)  
[Path](#)

[ShowLabelDir](#)

## Methods

 Key Methods

 [Execute](#)  
[ExecuteEnh](#)

[GetDir](#)



## TLMDTipDlg, Component

[Look also](#)

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

LMDDip

### Description

The popular Tips&Tricks-Dialog of the really well-known Business-Programs of a not less unknown producer of software can be simulated by this component.

By the properties [CaptionTitle](#), [CaptionHeader](#) and [CaptionHelp](#) the display state of the dialog can be determined.

The [Tips](#) are saved in a stringlist which can be filled at design-time using the object-inspector.

The dialog includes two modes with which the display of the dialog can be distinguished at start of program or during runtime.

In the first case the component checks if the property [ShowAtStart](#) is set and then decides whether the dialog should be displayed or not.

Besides the standard buttons (previous, next) a help button can be displayed additionally. It occurs if the [HelpContext](#)-value is set greater than 0.

The Language of the default values is determined by the [Language](#)-property.

**Look also**

[TLMDAboutDlg](#)  
[TMDDirDlg](#)

## Properties

▶ Runtime only


🔑 Key Properties

[About](#)  
[CaptionHeader](#)  
[CaptionHelp](#)  
[CaptionTitle](#)

[HelpContext](#)  
[Language](#)  
[Mode](#)  
[ShowAtStart](#)

[Tips](#)  
[TipsCount](#)

## Methods

 Key Methods

 Execute

ExecuteEnh



## TLMDApp, Component

[Properties](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

LMDAppI

### Beschreibung

Unfortunately the properties of the application-object of a Delphi-application can only be set on runtime. Against that by this component you already get access to all essential properties at desing-time and you're able to attach event-handlers as usual.



## Properties

▶ Runtime only

🔑 Key Properties

[About](#)

[HelpFile](#)

[HintColor](#)

[HintPause](#)

[Icon](#)

[ShowHint](#)

[Title](#)

## Events

### Key Events

-  [OnActivate](#)
-  [OnHelp](#)
-  [OnMessage](#)
-  [OnDeactivate](#)
-  [OnHint](#)
-  [OnRestore](#)
-  [OnException](#)
-  [OnMinimize](#)
-  [OnShowHint](#)
-  [OnIdle](#)



## TLMDFile, Component

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

LMDFile

### Description

The TLMDFile-component concentrates a lot of operations which are possible with a single file. The remarkable thing about it is that actions are started via properties instead of being started by method.

### Examples:

1. For creating a new file you would have to write:  

```
[ctrlname].aCreateFile:='Sample.TST';
```
2. For copying a file you would have to write:  

```
[ctrlname].FileName:='Sample.TST';  
[ctrlname].aCopyFile:='Sample2.TST';
```

Sample.TST describes in this case the source file, Sample2.TST the destination file.

According to this these properties are write-only. You use the properties [aExecuteFile](#), [aMoveFile](#), [aDeleteFile](#) and [aRenameFile](#) by analogy.

Errors will result in [OnError](#)-Events. Besides each operation starts by firing an [OnStart](#)-event and will fire an [OnEnd](#)-event, if the action runs without any error. These events can be e.g. modified to make diverse initial settings.

Besides the fore-going events there also exists the [OnProgress](#)-Event, which especially is suitable for copy and move actions to update a progress bar.

If the property Filename was given a valid filename numerous information about this file can be requested by the properties [FileDate](#), [FileTime](#), [FilePath](#).

Diverse Settings which are to be regarded during the operations can be set by the property [Optionen](#).


## Properties

▶ Runtime only

🔑 Key Properties

▶ <u>About</u>	<u>FileAttributes</u>	<u>FileNameAlone</u>
▶ <u>🔑 aCopyFile</u>	<u>FileAttrShort</u>	<u>FileNameExt</u>
▶ <u>🔑 aCreateFile</u>	<u>FileDate</u>	<u>FilePath</u>
▶ <u>🔑 aDeleteFile</u>	<u>FileExist</u>	<u>FileSize</u>
▶ <u>🔑 aExecuteFile</u>	<u>FileExt</u>	<u>FileTime</u>
▶ <u>🔑 aMoveFile</u>		
▶ <u>🔑 FileName</u>	<u>Options</u>	
▶ <u>🔑 aRenameFile</u>		
▶ <u>Processed</u>		


## Methods

 Key Methods

[ExecuteFile](#)  
[GetFileExecute](#)

[TestAttr](#)

## Events

 Key Events

[OnEnd](#)  
[OnError](#)

[OnProgress](#)  
[OnStart](#)



## TLMDSysInfo, Component

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

### Unit

LMDSysIn

### Description

By the non-visual component TLMDSysInfo diverse information about current system settings can be requested in an easy way via properties.

Three of the properties can be requested as well by methods (FreeSys, FreeGDI, FreeUSR) with a Word-datatype as return value.

## Properties


▶ Runtime only

🔑 Key Properties

<a href="#">About</a>	<a href="#">MemMaxBlock</a>	<a href="#">WinPath</a>	
<a href="#">AllFonts</a>	<a href="#">ScreenSaverDelay</a>		<a href="#">WinSysPath</a>
<a href="#">AllPrinters</a>	▶ <a href="#">TempFileName</a>		
<a href="#">Environment</a>	<a href="#">UserCompany</a>		
<a href="#">FreeGdiRes</a>	<a href="#">Username</a>		
<a href="#">FreeSysRes</a>	<a href="#">VersionDOS</a>		
<a href="#">FreeUsrRes</a>	<a href="#">VersionWIN</a>		
<a href="#">MemFree</a>	<a href="#">WinFlags</a>		



## Methods

 Key Methods

[FreeGDI](#)  
[FreeSys](#)

[FreeUSR](#)



## TLMDHiTimer, Component

[Properties](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

LMDHiTim


### Description


The component TLMDHiTimer represents an alternative to the corresponding timer in the Delphi-VCL. As it is interrupt controlled high resolution intervals of one millisecond are possible (contrary to TTimer). But since at the same time more processor resources are needed this component should only be used if high resolution time-measurements are necessary, e.g. at MIDI-processing or at work with graphic and sprites.

Apart from that the component has been designed exactly like the TTimer-Component. That's why there should be no problems to use it.

## Properties


▶ Runtime only

 Key Properties

 [About](#) ▶  
[Enabled](#)  
[Interval](#)

[MaxInterval](#)  
▶ [MinInterval](#)

## Events

 Key Events

 [OnTimer](#)



## TLMDScreenSaver, Component

[Properties](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

LMMDScrsv

### Description

With the help of the TLMDScreensaver component the creation of a screensaver is a mere child's play! Place the component on a form - and the 'Blank-Screen'-screensaver is ready...

At bottom the screensaver is nothing else but an Exe-File what means that the development can proceed like that of an ordinary program. If the saver is finished the following steps have to be done by that Windows is able to realize the new created work as screensaver:

1.

Because of the missing of a real "Resource-Editor" for Delphi (everybody who owns an Editor (e.g. RWS or Appstudio) is naturally able to change the version information in the ordinary way) the following line is best inserted into the project file of the screensaver (the \*.dpr-file) before the word begin:

```
{ $d SCRNSAVE: [name] }
```

[name] indicates the name of the screensaver.

2.

Now rename the file from [name].exe to [name].scr and copy the file into your Windows-directory. You are ready!

Naturally your own setup-dialog or rather your own password-dialog can be tied up. If such a dialog exists it has to be displayed at the [OnSetupDlg](#)-event.

A password can be managed with the properties [PassWord](#) and [CheckPassWord](#). TLMDScreenSaver manages the saving of these properties into an Infile automatically. Additionally an instanced TInfile-Object ([IniFile](#)) is still available with which specific sata of the screensaver can be saved easily. In this connection the property [Section](#) makes the section available into which the component saves its data.


if the OnCheckPassWord-property is activated and if there is a valid password, the [OnCheckPassWord](#)-event will be fired if the user tries to leave the screensaver and at which you are able to insert own routines for checking the password or something similar.

Additionally to the both above mentioned events the [OnSaverStart](#)- and the [OnSaverEnd](#)-event are placed to your disposal by being able to execute initializations specifically for the screensaver or something similar.

As an additional useful possibility the actual contents of the screen will be transfered into the property Bitmap if the property [SaveBackGround](#) is activated. This is important for screensavers with a (simulated) direct manipulation on the desktop.


## Properties

▶ Runtime only

 Key Properties

- ▶ [About](#)            [Color](#)            [SaveBackground](#)
- ▶ [Bitmap](#)
- ▶ [IniFile](#)
- ▶ [Section](#)
- ▶ [CheckPassWord](#)
- ▶ [PassWord](#)            [Title](#)

## Events

 Key Events

[OnCheckPassWord](#)  
[OnSaverEnd](#)

[OnSaverStart](#)  
[OnSetupDlg](#)



## TLMDJoystick, Component

[Properties](#)

[Methods](#)

[Events](#)

### Unit

LMDJoyst

### Description

By the nonvisual component TLMDJoystick a simple access to the connected Joystick(s) is made possible.

Besides the numerous status-properties the events [OnJoyMove](#), [OnJoyButtonUp](#), [OnJoyButtonDown](#) and [OnChange](#) have to be mentioned which allows a comparable processing as it exists at their mouse-"colleagues".

Errors in the initialization or errors in setting one of the properties can be detected by the event [OnInitError](#).




## Properties

▶ Runtime only

🔑 Key Properties


▶ <u>About</u>	<u>Enabled</u>	▶ <u>PosZ</u>
▶ <u>AttachedJoySticks</u>		
▶ <u>GetJoyStickCaps</u>		<u>Threshold</u>
▶ <u>AvailableJoySticks</u>		
🔑 <u>JoyStickId</u>		
▶ <u>ButtonPressed</u>		<u>Period</u>
▶ <u>ButtonState</u>		
▶ <u>PosX</u>		
<u>Changed</u>	▶ <u>PosY</u>	

## Methods

 Key Methods

[TestAvailable](#)

## Events

 Key Events

[OnChange](#)  
[OnInitError](#)

[OnJoyButtonDown](#)  
[OnJoyButtonUp](#)

[OnJoyMove](#)



## TLMDTILE, Component

[Properties](#)

### Unit

LMDTile

### Description

This small component which is derived from TGraphicControl serves to fill the background of a container-control quickly with given textures or patterns (consisting of Bitmaps).

## Properties

▶ Runtime only

🔑 Key Properties

[About](#)

[Align](#)

[Bitmap](#)

[ShowHint](#)

[TileMode](#)

[TileStatus](#)

[Visible](#)

## Type TActualData

### Used for

Component [TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

```
TActualData=record
    Action      :TFileAction;
    Source      :String;
    Destination:String;
end;
```

### Description

The datatype TActualdata serves to simplify and to summarize the transfer parameters of the events of the component TLMDFile. The current action is stored in Action, the actually used filenames are stored in source and destination. Depending on the operation the original filename is in source (normally the property [Filename](#)) and the new filename is in destination (e.g. in case of copy/move operations). If there is only one parameter necessary for an action (e.g. [aCreateFile](#)) the used value is stored in source. In this case Destination is an empty string.

## Type TFileAction

### Used for

[Component](#) TLMDFile

### Declaration

```
TFileAction=(fcNone, fcChange, fcCreate, fcCopy, fcMove, fcDelete, fcRename, fcExecute);
```

### Description

This type defines the possible actions in the component TLMDFile. This type is required especially in [TActualData](#).

Following values are defined:

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
fcNone	no action
fcChange	change of file specification
fcCreate	createnew file
fcCopy	copy current file
fcMove	move current file
fcDelete	delete file
fcRename	rename file
fcExecute	execute file

## TypeTFileErrorCode

### Used for

Component [TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

```
TFileErrorCode=(feNone, feErrorCreateFile, feErrorExecuteFile, feErrorOpenSrc,  
feErrorOpenDest, feFileAlreadyExist, feFileReadOnly, feFileNotExist, feFileDestSrcSame,  
feMoveSrcNotKilled, feDelFileNotKilled, feDateTimeConvErr, feDateTimeWriteErr,  
feSetAttrFailed, feRenameFailed, feChangeExtFailed, feParameterNull);
```

### Description

TFileErrorCode specifies the possible errorcodes in the TLMDFile-component which are given back at the [OnError](#)-event.

Following values are defined:

Value	Description
feNone	no error
feErrorCreateFile	error creating file
feErrorExecuteFile	error executing file
feErrorOpenSrc	error open file
feFileAlreadyExist	the file to be overwrite already exists
feFileReadOnly	file is read-only
feFileNotExist	a given file doesn't exist
feFileDestSrcSame	source and destination-file are identical
feMoveSrcNotKilled	during a move-operation the source-file wasn't deleted
feDelFileNotKilled	during a delete-operation the given file wasn't deleted
feDateTimeConvErr	date/time cnvrtion-errrr, the given value was not valid
feDateTimeWriteErr	error setting new date/time-value
feSetAttrFailed	error setting file attributes
feRenameFailed	error renaming file
feChangeExtFailed	error changing file extension
feParameterNull	Parameter is empty



## Type TFileOptions

### Used for

Component [TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

FileOption=(foVerifyAction, foNewFileAsActual, foCopiedFileAsActual, foCopyTimeStamp);  
TFileOptions=set of TFileOption;

### Description

Defintion of the possible values for the property [Options](#) in the TLMDFile-component.

## Type TJoyStickButtons

### Used for

Component [TLMDJoyStick](#)

### Declaration

```
TJoystickButton=(jbButton1,jbButton2,jbButton3,jbButton4);  
TJoystickButtons=set of TJoystickButton;
```

### Description

Possible values for pressed Joystick-buttons in the component TLMDJoyStick.

## Type TJoyStickID

### Used for

Component [TLMDJoyStick](#)

### Declaration

```
TJoystickId= JOYSTICKID1..JOYSTICKID2;
```

### Description

Describes the both possible values for the property [JoyStickID](#) (JOYSTICKID1 and JOYSTICKID2).

## Type TLanguageMode

### Used for

Component [TLMDBoutDlg](#), [TLMDDirDlg](#), [TLMTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

```
TLanguageMode=(lgEnglish, lgGerman);
```

### Description

Possible values for the default language in the dialog components.

## Type TTileMode

### Used for

Component [TLMDTile](#)

### Declaration

TTileMode = (tmTile, tmStretch, tmCenter, tmNone);

### Description

Possible values for the property [Tilemode](#) in the component TLMDTile.

## Type TTileStatus

### Used for

Component [TLMDTile](#)

### Declaration

```
TTileStatus=(tsRunAndDesignTime, tsOnlyRuntime);
```

### Description

Possible values for the property [TileStatus](#) in the component TLMDTile.

## Type TTipsDialogMode

### Used for

Component [TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

```
TTipsDialogMode=(moStart, moNormal);
```

### Description

Possible values for the property [Mode](#) in the component TLMDTipDlg.

## Type TWinFlags

### Used for

Component [TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

```
TWinFlag=(wf80x87, wfCPU286, wfCPU386, wfCPU486, wfENHANCED, wfPAGING, wfPMODE, wfSTANDARD, wfWIN286, wfWIN386);  
TWinFlags=set of TWinFlag;
```

### Description

Possible values for the property WinFlags in the component TLMDSysInfo.

Value	Description
win80x87	System contains an Intel math coprocessor.
winCPU286	System CPU is an 80286.
winCPU386	System CPU is an 80386.
winCPU486	System CPU is an i486.
winENHANCED	Windows is running in 386-enhanced mode. The winPMODE flag is always set when winENHANCED is set.
winPAGING	Windows is running on a system with paged memory.
winPMODE	Windows is running in protected mode. In Windows 3.1, this flag is always set.
winSTANDARD	Windows is running in standard mode. The winPMODE flag is always set when winSTANDARD is set.
winWIN286	Same as winSTANDARD.
winWIN386	Same as winENHANCED.



## Type TActionEvent

### Unit

LMDFile

### Declaration

TActionEvent=procedure(Sender:TObject; ActData:[TActualData](#)) of object;

### Description

The type TActionEvent points at methods which react on events which are created by the component [TLMDFile](#) at runtime.

## Type TErrorEvent

### Unit

LMDFile

### Declaration

TErrorEvent = procedure(Sender:TObject; [Errorcode:TFileErrorcode](#); [ActData:TActualData](#)) of object;

### Description

The type TErrorEvent points at a method which reacts on the OnError-event which is created by the component [TLMDFile](#) at runtime.

## Type TJoyStickEvent

### Unit

LMDJoyst

### Declaration

TJoyStickEvent=procedure(Sender:TObject;Buttons:[TJoyStickButtons](#);X,Y:Word) of object;

### Description

The type TActionEvent points at methods which react on diverse Joystick-events which are created by the component [TLMDJoystick](#) at runtime.

## Type TPWCheckEvent

### Unit

LMDScrsv

### Declaration

TPWCheckEvent= Procedure(Sender:TObject; var CanClose:Boolean) of object;

### Description

The type TActionEvent points at a method which reacts on an event which is created by the component [TLMDScreenSaver](#) at runtime.

## About, Property

### Used for

All Components of the *LMD-Tools*

### Declaration

**property** About: [TAboutVar](#);

### Description

This property is only available at designtime and serves to display an 'About-Dialog'. This property neither is saved nor its integrated in the final Exe-File.

TAboutVar: DummyClass for displaying the 'About-Dialog'.

## Appname, Property

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Appname:String;

### Description

The title of the program or rather the product name can be specified in the About-Box with the help of this property. In general no value is entered, because the title of the project (or rather Application.Title) is set as default value automatically.

## CaptionTitle, Property

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#), [TMDDirDlg](#), [TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** CaptionTitle:String;

### Description

By this property the Title of the dialog box can be specified. If there doesn't exist any entry a default value is set.



## Copyright, Property

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Copyright:String;

### Description

A copyright-text can be specified with the help of this property. This section can consist of two lines. During runtime they are separated by #13. If the property should already specified with two lines at designtime, the given separator in the property [CopyDelimiter](#) has to be used.

## CopyDelimiter, Property

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** CopyDelimiter:Char;

### Description

Separator which already enabled a two line entry of the property [Copyright](#) at design time. Following characters are allowed: "@", "#", "~", "%", "\$", "&"

## Description, Property

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Description:String;

### Description

This line is under the product title and can be used for a more precise description of the title. An entry is optional and there doesn't exist any default value.

## Language, Property

### Used for

[TLMDBoutDlg](#), [TLMDDirDlg](#), [TLMTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Language: [TLanguageMode](#);

### Description

With the help of this property you are able to choose the preferred language for default values.

The default value is lgEnglish. If you prefer the german language you have to choose lgGerman.

## Version, Property

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Version:String;

### Description

By this property a version number, a release number or a registration number can be placed under the [Description](#)-line. This description is optional and there doesn't exist any default value.

## Execute, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#), [TMDDirDlg](#), [TMLDTipDlg](#)

### Deklaration

**function** Execute: Boolean;

### Description

The Execute-method displays the corresponding dialogbox. If the dialogbox isn't displayed or an error occurred the method returns False.

## ExecuteEnh, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDAboutDlg](#), [TMDDirDlg](#), [TMLDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**TLMDAboutDlg,**

**TMDDirDlg: function** ExecuteEnh(aForm:TForm):Boolean;

**TMLDTipDlg: function** ExecuteEnh(aForm:TForm; Mode:[TTipsDialogmode](#)):Boolean

### Description

The ExecuteEnh-method displays the corresponding dialogbox. With the help of the parameter aForm a window can be given (normally the main window of the application) in which the dialog is displayed centered . If the dialogbox isn't displayed or an error occurred the method returns False.

The TipDialog additionally offers the the possibility to specify the display mode of the dialog.

## ShowLabelDir, Property

### Used for

[TLMDDirDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** ShowLabelDir: Boolean;

### Description

If this property is set true the current path is displayed as text above the drive-list.



## Path, Property

### Used for

[TLMDDirDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Path:String;

### Description

This property sets or supplies the path for the directory-dialogbox. The [Execute](#)-method of the TLMDDirDlg-method only returns True if the pathname has been choseb by the user.

## GetDir, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDDirDlg](#)

### Declaration

**Procedure** GetDir(const title:String; var aPath:String);

### Description

Besides the both Execute-variants this method is also be able to request for the path. The result will be returned in the aPath-parameter.

## CaptionHeader, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** CaptionHeader:String;

### Beschreibung

With the help of this property a title can be set for the tips (e.g. Tips if the day or something similar). The default value is 'Tips...'.

## CaptionHelp, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** CaptionHelp:String;

### Description

With the help of this property the text - if existing - of the help button can be set. A help button will be displayed if the property [HelpContext](#) is set greater than 0. This property e.g. is useful if the user has to be given the possibility, e.g. to branch off to a help file with some more information.

## HelpContext, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** HelpContext:THelpContext;

### Description

With the help of this property a help button can be displayed. Therefore a value >0 has to be given. A caption for the button can be specified by the property [CaptionHelp](#).

## Mode, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Mode: [TTipsDialogMode](#);

### Description

The property mode determines if the property [ShowAtStart](#) is paid attention or if it is ignored. In the mode moStart the dialogbox isn't indicated if ShowAtStart is False. In the mode moNormal the dialog is displayed inrespective of this property.

## ShowAtStart, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** ShowAtStart:Boolean;

### Description

With the help of this property you set or receive the boolean-value for displaying the TipDialog at the start of the program. The property [Mode](#) determines if ShowAtStart is of importance when the TipDialog is displayed.

## Tips, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** Tips:TStrings;

### Description

As a rule the tips are edited with the object-inspector using the stringlist editor (one line = one tip). Of course other TStrings-Objects can be assigned to this property. Naturally all properties of the object TStrings are valid.



## TipsCount, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTipDlg](#)

### Declaration

**property** TipsCount:Integer;

### Description

Read-only. With this property you get the number of '[Tips](#)', which are assigned to the TLMDTipDlg.

## aCreateFile, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** aCreateFile:TFileName;

### Description

Runtime and write-only.

With the help of the property aCreateFile a new file can be created, e.g.

```
aCreateFile:='Sample.TST'  
aCreateFile:='C:\Hello\SAMPLE.TST'
```

creates a new file called Sample.TST in the current directory or in the second example in the directory C:\Hello. Depending on the flags which were set in the property Options there may happen an [error event](#).

## aDeleteFile, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** aDeleteFile:TFileName;

### Description

Runtime and write only.

With the help of the property aDeleteFile any file can be deleted. If only an empty string has been assigned, the file actually specified to the property [Filename](#) will be deleted.

## aExecuteFile, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** aExecuteFile:TFileName;

### Description

Runtime and write only.

With the help of this property a file can be executed if the filename is that one of an Exe-, COM or BAT-File. If there is no filename set (aExecuteFile='') the file which is specified in the property [Filename](#) will try to be started. Also Look the method [GetFileExecute](#).

## aMoveFile, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** aMoveFile:TFileName;

### Description

Runtime and write only.

In the case of using this property a sourcefile has already been assigned to the property [Filename](#), because with the help of aMoveFile the destination file for the moving process will be given. In this connection it is possible to set either a complete filename or merely a path (in this case the file keeps its name).

Example for a moving operation:

```
FileName:='c:\hello\sample.tst';  
aMoveFile:='c:\dos';
```

This example shows how the file sample.tst is moved into the directory c:\dos.

## aCopyFile, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** aCopyFile:TFileName;

### Description

Runtime and write only.

In the case of using this property a sourcefile has already been assigned to the property [Filename](#), because with the help of aCopyFile the destination file for the copying process will be given.

In this connection it is possible to set either a complete filename or merely a path (in this case the file keeps its name).

Example for a copy operation:

```
FileName:='c:\hello\sample.tst';  
aCopyFile:='c:\dos';
```

This example shows how the file sample.tst is copied into the directory c:\dos.

## aRenameFile, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** aRenameFile:TFileName;

### Description

Runtime and write only.

In the case of using this property a sourcefile has already been assigned to the property [Filename](#), because with the help of aCopyFile the destination file for the copying process will be given.

In this connection it is possible to set either a complete filename or merely a path (in this case the file keeps its name).

Example for a rename-action:

```
FileName:='c:\hello\sample.tst';  
aRenameFile:='hello.tst';
```

This example shows how the file sample.tst in the directory C:\Hello is renamed into hello.tst.

## FileAttributes, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FileAttributes: [TFileType](#);

### Description

Sets or reads the file properties of the file which is given in [Filename](#). At the moment solely the following file properties are able to manipulated: ftReadOnly, ftHidden, ftSystem, ftArchive. With the help of the property [FileAttrShort](#) a summary of these 4 attributes can be got in string-format.



## FileAttrShort, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FileAttrShort:String;

### Description

Read only. Analyses the result which has been received in [FileAttributes](#) and returns a summary of the attributes ftReadOnly, ftHidden, ftSystem, ftArchive in string-formatin ("rhsa").

Example: r--a

This file contains the attributes ReadOnly and Archived.

## FileDate, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FileDate:String;

### Description

Sets or reads the date of the creation or the date of the last processing of the file which is given in [Filename](#). Look also [FileTime](#).

### Example:

```
LMDFile1.Filename:='Sample.TST';  
LMDFile1.FileDate:='01.01.1901';
```

This example shows how 01.01.1901 is set as the new file date.

## FileExist, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FileExist:Boolean;

### Description

Read only. Returns a Fileexist-flag of the current file. Naturally this property is true nearly all the time, except if for example the hidden-[attribut](#) is set.

## FileExt, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FileExt:String;

### Description

Sets or reads the file extension (like '.pas' oder '.dpr').

### Example:

```
LMDFile1.FileName:='Sample.TST';  
LMDFile1.FileExt:='.DEF';
```

This example shows how the filename Sample.TST is changed into Sample.DEF.

## Filename, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** Filename:TFileName;

### Description

This is the most important property of the component TLMDFile because it is the starting point for almost all file operations. If e.g. no filename is set all operations or properties which relate to a file are of useless.

Already at design time direct manipulations of a file are possible.

Please specify therefore a filename for the property FileName and then look at all file related properties like [FileExt](#), [FileTime](#) or [Filedate](#).

## FilenameAlone, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FilenameAlone:String;

### Description

Read only. The property only returns the mere name of [Filename](#) without any fileextension and file path. E.g. 'C:\Hello\Sample.TST' would result in 'Sample'.

## FilenameExt, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FilenameExt:String;

### Description

Read only. The property only returns the name and fileextension of [Filename](#) without any filepath. E.g. 'C:\Hello\Sample.TST' would result in 'Sample.TST'.

## Filepath, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FilePath:String;

### Description

Read only. This property returns the file path of [Filename](#). E.g. 'C:\Hello\Sample.TST' would result in 'C:\Hello\'.



## Filesize, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** Filesize:LongInt;

### Description

Read only. This property displays the size of the file which is specified in [Filename](#) in bytes.

## FileTime, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** FileTime:String;

### Description

Sets oder reads the time of creation or the time of the last processing of the file which is given in [Filename](#). Look also [FileDate](#).

### Example:

```
LMDFile1.Filename:='Sample.TST';  
LMDFile1.FileDate:='01:00:00';
```

This example shows how 1 a.m. is set as new time.

## Options, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** Options: [TFileOptions](#);

### Description

With the help of this property diverse options for the file operations can be set.

Wert	Description
foVerifyAction	If this flag is set, the TLMDFile doesn't overwrite an existing file (e.g. in case of copy or move-operations) but fires an <a href="#">OnError</a> -event.
foNewFileAsActual	if this flag is set a file which is created by <a href="#">aCreateNewFile</a> is set as current file for the property <a href="#">Filename</a> .
foCopiedFileAsActual	If this flag is set a file which is copied by <a href="#">aCopyFile</a> is set as current file for the property <a href="#">Filename</a> .
foCopyTimeStamp	If this flag is set the date of the sourcefile is kept up in the destination file during copy operations. Otherwise the actual systemtime is set.

## Processed, Property

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** Processed:Byte;

### Description

All actions (but only in case of copy and move-operations it is advantageous) update the Processed property automatically which shows how many percent of the current action have already been executed. This property fits to display a feedback in the status lines or in a progress meter.

## ExecuteFile, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**function** ExecuteFile(const FileName:String; ShowCmd: Integer): THandle;

### Description

With the help of this function the property aExecuteFile can be simulated in case of more flexibility. The parameter Filename specifies the file which should be executed. ShowCMD is able to contain the following values (if the constans are used, please include the unit Wintypes!).

Value	Description
SW_HIDE	Hides the window and passes activation to another window.
SW_MINIMIZE	Minimizes the specified window and activates the top-level window in the system's list.
SW_RESTORE	Activates and displays a window. If the window is minimized or maximized, Windows restores it to its original size and position (same as SW_SHOWNORMAL).
SW_SHOW	Activates a window and displays it in its current size and position.
SW_SHOWMAXIMIZED	Activates a window and displays it as a maximized window.
SW_SHOWMINIMIZED	Activates a window and displays it as an icon.
SW_SHOWMINNOACTIVE	Displays a window as an icon. The window that is currently active remains active.
SW_SHOWNA	Displays a window in its current state. The window that is currently active remains active.
SW_SHOWNOACTIVATE	Displays a window in its most recent size and position. The window that is currently active remains active.
SW_SHOWNORMAL	Activates and displays a window. If the window is minimized or maximized, Windows restores it to its original size and position (same as SW_RESTORE).

## GetFileExecutable, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**function** GetFileExecutable:TFileName;

### Description

Searches the Exe-file which appertains to the filename that is specified in the property [Filename](#) so far ais it doesn't already concern a file which can be executed.

### Example:

If the filename was 'c:\test\test.dpr' the method would return the path and the filename from Delphi.

## TestAttr, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**function** TestAttr(const aValue: TFileName; Attr: Word):Boolean;

### Description

The method Testattr tests the file which is given in avalue wether this file contains the specified file attribute.

Possible Attributes are:

<b>Konstante</b>	<b>Wert</b>	<b>Description</b>
faReadOnly	\$01	Read-only files
faHidden	\$02	Hidden files
faSysFile	\$04	System files
faVolumeID	\$08	Volume Label
faDirectory	\$10	Directory attribute set
faArchive	\$20	Archived files
faAnyFile	\$3F	All files

## OnEnd, Event

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnEnd:[TActionEvent](#);

### Description

This event gets started if the setting of one the aXXXXXFile-properties was executed without any error. This event can be used for diverse terminating steps, e.g. to update a progress meter. With the help of the parameter [Actualdata](#) the executive operation can be ascertained definitely.



## OnError, Event

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnError: [TErrorEvent](#);

### Description

This event is started if an error occurred in the case of an operation of the component TLMDFile. Please consider that this event can be called in certain cases when certain [Optionen](#) were set. With the help of the parameter [Actualdata](#) and the errorcode [ErrorCode](#) the executed operation as well as the error are able to be ascertained definitely and if necessary a special error-handler can be executed.

## OnProgress, Event

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnProgress:[TActionEvent](#);

### Description

This event is started during the execution of aXXXXFile-properties. Especially in the case of lengthy operations a progress meter or something similar is to be realized really simply by requesting of the property [Processed](#).

## OnStart, Event

### Used for

[TLMDFile](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnStart:[TActionEvent](#);

### Description

This event gets started before a change of an aXXXXXFile-property takes place. Thus it can be used for various initializing actions, e.g. to put back a progress meter. With the help of the parameter [Actualdata](#) the executive operation can be ascertained definitely.

## AllFonts, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** AllFonts:TStrings

### Description

Read only. This property returns all the available fonts in a stringlist.

## AllPrinters, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** AllPrinters:TStrings

### Description

Read only. This property returns all the available printers of the system in a stringlist.

## Environment, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** Environment:TStrings

### Description

Read only. The property returns the environment variable of the system (Autoexec.Bat: Path=...; Temp:=.... usw.).

## FreeGDIRes, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** FreeGDIRes:String;

### Description

Read only. The property returns as string (with character '%') free GDI-ressources of the system.

## FreeUSRRes, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** FreeUSRRes:String;

### Description

Read only. The property returns as string (with character '%') free system capacities of User-ressources.



## FreeSysRes, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** FreeSysRes:String;

### Description

Read only. The property returns as string (with character '%') free system resources.

## MemMaxBlock, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** MemMaxBlock:LongInt;

### Description

Read only. The MemMaxBlock property returns the size of the largest contiguous free block in the heap. MemMaxBlock returns the larger of:

- The largest free blocks within the heap manager's sub-allocation space
- The Windows global heap

The value corresponds to the size of the largest dynamic variable that can be allocated at that time.

To find the total amount of free memory in the heap, check [MemFree](#).

## MemFree, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** MemFree:LongInt;

### Description

Read only. Returns the amount of available memory, in bytes.

Note that a contiguous block of storage the size of the returned value is unlikely to be available due to fragmentation of the heap. To find the largest free block, use the

[MemMaxBlock](#) property.

In standard mode, the value returned represents the number of bytes in the global heap that are not used and that are not reserved for code.

In 386-enhanced mode, the return value is an estimate of the amount of memory available to an application. It does not account for memory held in reserve for non-Windows applications.

## ScreenSaverDelay, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** ScreenSaverDelay:LongInt;

### Beschreibung

Read only. The ScreenSaverDelay property returns the screen-saver delay time-out as minutes.

## TempFileName, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** TempFileName:String;

### Description

Runtime and read only.

This property returns a unique filename which as a rule used for temporary files. If a temporary directory is set, this one will be used.

### Caution!

At the same time this property is requested the file will also be created. Therefore the property is only to be used if there is a real need for a temporary file.

## UserCompany, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** UserCompany:String;

### Description

Read only. Returns the company name as it was set at the installation of Windows.

## UserName, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** UserName:String;

### Description

Read only. Returns the username as it was set at the installation of Windows.

## VersionDOS, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** VersionDOS:String;

### Description

Read only. Returns the version number of DOS as String.



## VersionWIN, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** VersionWIN:String;

### Description

Read only. Returns the version number of Windows as String.

## WinFlags, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** WinFlags: [TWinFlags](#);

### Description

Read only. Returns information about processor type, an existing coprocessor, Windows mode etc.

## WinPath, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** Winpath:String;

### Description

Read only. Returns the directory in which Windows was installed.

## WinSysPath, Property

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**property** WinSysPath:String;

### Description

Read only. Returns the Windows system-directory.

## FreeGDI, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**function** FreeGDI:Word;

### Description

Analogous to property [FreeGDIRes](#). Return type is Word though.

## FreeSys, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**function** FreeSys:Word;

### Description

Analogous to property [FreeSysRes](#). Return type is Word though.

## FreeUSR, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDSysInfo](#)

### Declaration

**function** FreeUSR:Word;

### Description

Analogous to property [FreeUSRRes](#). Return type is Word though.

## MaxInterval, Property

### Used for

[TLMDHiTimer](#)

### Declaration

**property** MaxInterval:Word;

### Description

Read only. Returns the greatest possible interval in milliseconds for the component TLMDHiTimer.



## MinInterval, Property

### Used for

[TLMDHiTimer](#)

### Declaration

**property** MinInterval:Word;

### Description

Read only. Returns the smallest possible interval in milliseconds for the component TLMDHiTimer (idealy=1).

## Bitmap, Property

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** Bitmap:TBitmap;

### Description

Runtime only. If the property [SaveBackground](#) has been set true the desktop background is saved in this bitmap when the screensaver is activated and it can be used for various operations which are applicable to bitmaps or it can serve as basis for graphical data.

## CheckPassWord, Property

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** CheckPassWord:Boolean;

### Beschreibung

Runtime only. This property is managed automatically by the Component, i.e. it is saved automatically when the screensaver is terminated and is restored when the screensaver is called. The same is valid for the property [Password](#).

If CheckPassWord is set true and Password doesn't contain an empty string the event OnCheckPassWord is fired before the screensaver is ending in the course of which a password request can be executed.

## IniFile, Property

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** IniFile:TIniFile;

### Description

Runtime only. This property is managed by the component automatically what means that it is instanced at the beginning of the runtime and is freed again at the end of the runtime of the screensaver. All the methods and properties of the TIniFileObject are naturally available. With the help of the property [Section the](#) data which are specific for the screensaver can be saved easily.

## PassWord, Property

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** Password:String;

### Description

Runtime only. This property is managed by the component automatically what means that it is saved automatically when the screensaver is ending and is restored when the screensaver is called. The same is valid for the property [CheckPassPassword](#).

If CheckPassWord is set True and if the password doesn't contain an empty string the event OnCheckPassword is fired before the screen saver is ending in the course of which a password request can be executed.

## SaveBackGround, Property

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** SaveBackground:Boolean;

### Beschreibung

With the help of this property it is determined whether the desktop background is to be saved automatically in the property [Bitmap](#) when the screensaver is started.

## Section, Eigenschaft

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** Section:String;

### Description

Runtime only. With the help of this property Ini-data can be saved in the same section where it is executed by the component itself. Thus only the name of the property and the value still have to be specified when a method of the object [Inifile](#) is called, e.g.

```
with TLMDScreenSaver1 do
    inifile.WriteInteger(section, [IDENT], [Value]);
```

[IDENT] and [Value] describes the Identstring and the value which has to be saved.

## OnCheckPassWord, Event

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnCheckPassWord:[TPWCheckEvent](#);

### Description

This event is fired when you leave the screensaver if [CheckPassword](#) is set true and the property doesn't contain an empty string. If the user enters a wrong [Password](#) into your password dialog the parameter CanClose can be set to false in order to prevent the leave of the screensaver.



## OnSaverEnd, Event

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnSaverEnd:TNotifyEvent;

### Description

This event will be fired if the saver tries to free all allocated memory. Here objects (such as e.g. a Timer) or other data can be used finally.

## OnSaverStart, Event

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnSaverStart:TNotifyEvent;

### Beschreibung

This event is fired if the screensaver is instanced. Here objects (such as e.g. a timer) or other data which are important for the run of the screensaver can be initialized.

## OnSetupDlg, Event

### Used for

[TLMDScreenSaver](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnSetupDlg:TNotifyEvent;

### Description

This event will be fired if Windows tries to call the configuration dialog of the screensaver. If you implemented such a configuration dialog you have to use the [IniFile](#)-object to display and to save the relevant data.

## TileMode, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTile](#)

### Declaration

**property** TileMode: [TTileMode](#);

### Description

With the help of the property Tilemode the display of the bitmap which is assigned to the component can be influenced:

<b>value</b>	<b>Description</b>
tmNone	The bitmap is displayed in the left, upper corner. The control acts like a simple TImage Control.
tmTile	The entire space of the control is filled up with the bitmap in its original size
tmStretch	The entire space of the control is filled up with the bitmap by enlarging it.
tmCenter	The bitmap is displayed horizontally and vertically centered inside the control.

## TileStatus, Property

### Used for

[TLMDTile](#)

### Declaration

**property** TileStatus: [TTileStatus](#);

### Description

With the help of this property you're able to determine if the functions of the property [TileMode](#) are to have an effect at design and runtime time (tsRunAndDesignTime) or only at runtime (tsOnlyRunTime).

## AttachedJoySticks, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** AttachedJoySticks:Byte;

### Description

Runtime and read only. Returns the number of the real connected Joysticks.

## ButtonPressed, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** ButtonPressed:Byte;

### Beschreibung

Runtime and read only. Returns wether a Joystickbutton is pressed,

## ButtonState, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** ButtonState:[TJoyStickButtons](#);

### Description

Runtime and read only. Returns which Joystickbuttons are pressed at the moment. The following values are possible: jbButton1(Button 1), jbButton2(Button 2), jbButton3(Button 3) and jbButton4(Button4).



## Changed, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** Changed:Boolean;

### Description

This property shows if each change in movement is to create an event or if it is only to create such events which are greater than that ones which are given in the property [Threshold](#). If this property is set False there may happen a lot of fired events.

## GetJoyStickCaps, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** GetJoyStickCaps:TJoyCaps;

### Description

Runtime and read only. This property returns the capabilities of the Joystick you have chosen. Normally it isn't necessary to use this property because the essential elements are made available by other properties. If the TJoyCaps-structure is to be used in your own programmes the unit MMSystem has to be tied up. Some more information are in the MMSystem.HLP in the BIN-directory of Delphi.

## JoyStickID, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** JoyStickID:[TJoyStickID](#);

### Description

By this important property you determine which Joystick is to be addressed. In order to ascertain if this one is able to be addressed at runtime you can use the method [TestAvailable](#). In order to ascertain from the beginning if it is technically possible to address a Joystick the properties [AttachedJoySticks](#) and [AvailableJoysticks](#) can be used.

## AvailableJoySticks, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** AvailableJoySticks:Byte;

### Description

Runtime and read only. With the help of this property you can ascertain how many Joysticks would be technically possible in the current system. In order to ascertain the real number you have to use the property [AttachedJoySticks](#).

## Period, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** Period:WORD;

### Description

With the help of this property the period or rather the interval with which a Joystick is checked on changes is able to be determined.

## Position, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** Position:TPoint;

### Description

Runtime and read only. By this property the current x-position and the current y-position of the actual chosen Joystick can be requested inside a TPoint-Structure.

## PosX, PosY, PosZ (Properties)

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** PosX:Word;  
PosY:Word;  
PosZ:Word;

### Description

Runtime and read only. By these properties the current positions are able to be analysed very quickly. A range from 0 to 65535 results from the variable type.

## Threshold, Property

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** Threshold:Word;

### Description

By this property a treshold can be given from which onward events are to be created when thr property [Changed](#) is set.



## TestAvailable, Methode

### Used for

[TLMDJoyStick](#)

### Declaration

**function** TestAvailable(aValue:[TJoyStickID](#)):Boolean;

### Description

By this property you are able to test if the Joystick which is given in JoyStickID is really available. Possible sources of error are:

- there is no Joytick connected
- wrong JoystickID
- Joystick is still controlled by another control

## OnChange, Event

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnChange:TNotifyEvent;

### Description

This event will be fired if settings at the Joystick or even the JoystickID itself change.

## OnInitError, Event

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnInitError:TNotifyEvent;

### Description

This event will be fired if there occurs an error during the initialization or if settings change.

## OnJoyButtonDown, Event

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnJoyButtonDown: [TJoystickEvent](#);

### Description

This event will be fired if one joystickbutton or several ones are pressed. In the parameter Buttons the pressed buttons are returned (also look [ButtonState](#) - they are analysed the same way).

## OnJoyButtonUp, Event

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnJoyButtonUp:[TJoystickEvent](#);

### Description

This event will be fired if one joystickbutton or several ones are released. In the parameter Buttons the pressed buttons are returned (also look [ButtonState](#) - they are analysed the same way).

## OnJoyButtonMove, Event

### Used for

[TLMDJoystick](#)

### Declaration

**property** OnJoyButtonDown: [TJoystickEvent](#);

### Description

This event will be fired if the cursor position changes. How many times this event will be fired decisively depends on the setting of the properties [Changed](#) and [Threshold](#). In the parameter Buttons the pressed buttons are returned (also look [ButtonState](#) - they are analysed the same way)

